

# The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 194, Vol. IV.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1873.

[Price 6d.]

## Cromwell Advertisements

### BELFAST STORE, CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,  
&c. &c. &c.

#### JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened **EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL**, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Run-holders, Farmers, and Private Families, with **EVERY CLASS OF GOODS**, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the **FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS** he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a **CASH BUYER** in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,  
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

#### KARL PRETSCH,

### COACH & GENERAL PAINTER, etc.,

Has now **PAPERHANGINGS, PAINTS** of every description, **GLASS, and MOULDINGS**, on Sale at Low Prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Buggies and Vehicles of every description painted in the best style.

Colours Prepared in any Shade required

Address: Next door but one to MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL, CROMWELL.

#### THOMAS FOOTE,

### TAILOR AND CLOTHIER, MELMORE TERRACE, CROMWELL.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

BEFORE purchasing your **WATCHES, CLOCKS, and JEWELLERY**, call on

### E. MURRELL,

and inspect his **CHOICE STOCK** of the above articles.

As all his **Watches and Clocks** are **TAKEN TO PIECES, CLEANED, and ADJUSTED** before they are delivered, Customers may depend on getting an article that will give satisfaction.

All kinds of **WATCHES, CLOCKS, and MUSICAL BOXES** cleaned and repaired.

Jewellery made and repaired.—Pipes mounted.

Observe the address:

NEXT MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL.

### D. MACKELLAR,

ACCOUNTANT and

GENERAL AGENT.

Manager of { Star of the East Quartz Mining Company, Registered;  
Colleen Pawn Quartz Mining Company, Registered;  
Kawarau Bridge Company (Messrs M'Cormick, Grant, & Richards).

AGENT for { The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Company.

Office: Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Mechanical Drawings furnished.—Specifications prepared.

## Cromwell Advertisements

### BUCHAN BROTHERS, (Late of Dunedin),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS AND FARRIERS,  
Beg to inform the inhabitants of Cromwell and the surrounding district that they have **COMMENCED BUSINESS** in the premises lately occupied by WM. BARNES, and adjoining Heron's White Hart Hotel, where they are prepared to execute, at current rates, all branches of the above, including Repairs and Turnings in all kinds of Mining Machinery. By strict attention to business, combined with the supply of a good article, BUCHAN BROTHERS hope to earn a share of public patronage.

Cromwell, 10th February, 1873.

#### STARKEY'S

### KAWARAU HOTEL, CROMWELL.

Having purchased the above well-known hotel from Mr BASTINGS, G. M. STARKEY begs to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that it will be his study to maintain the high reputation the KAWARAU HOTEL has long since acquired for comfort.

Wines and Spirits of the very best quality.

An efficient Groom always in attendance.

### MR LAKE, SURGEON,

May be consulted at his Residence, west end of MELMORE-STREET,  
(Premises lately occupied by Mr Goodger).

## LEGAL NOTICE.

#### MR H. C. BREWER,

Barrister, Solicitor, and Conveyancer,  
of Clyde,

will attend regularly the Resident Magistrate's and Warden's Court held at Cromwell.

Mr H. C. BREWER further gives notice that it is his intention to visit Cromwell every **TUESDAY**. Clients desirous of obtaining legal advice and assistance can consult Mr Brewer at STARKEY'S HOTEL between the hours of 11 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.



### CROMWELL BUTCHERY (WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.



### FREE TRADE BUTCHERY, (Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

\* Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3½d per lb.

### RE-OPENING of the CROMWELL COAL-PITS.

The Proprietors beg to announce that they are now prepared to **SUPPLY SUPERIOR COAL** (from a new seam) in any quantity.

A renewal of the extensive patronage formerly enjoyed by the proprietors is respectfully solicited. All orders will meet with prompt attention.

COAL DELIVERED DAILY.

## Cromwell Advertisement

### I. HALLENSTEIN and Co., GENERAL IMPORTERS,

### CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, ARROWTOWN, & MELBOURNE.

WE have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants generally to our Large Stock, as enumerated in this advertisement. It does not detail all the articles we keep, for to do so would be almost impossible. We have endeavoured to enumerate all the principal articles of each class; but every want necessary in a Mining, Agricultural, and Pastoral community can be supplied.

All our purchases being for cash, we thus possess an advantage that few are able to avail themselves of.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, with the conviction that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed, and the articles found to be of good value.

**Drapery.**—The attention of Ladies is respectfully directed to this Department. It will be found replete with all the latest novelties from the Melbourne markets, and arrangements have been made for regular shipments per each steamer.

Dresses, in silks, fancy and black; alpacas, challies, mohairs, winceys, muslins, prints, coburgs

Shawls, all-wool plaids, French merinos, skirtings, jackets, &c.

Hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, laces, trimmings of all kinds

Ladies' and Children's Underclothing—Our stock will be found the largest and best-assorted on the Gold-fields

Ladies' and Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed

Feathers, flowers, corsets, chignons, &c.

A large assortment of white and coloured flannels, serge and cricketing; calicoes and sheetings; and every other article required in the trade.

**Slop Department.**—Men's Suits, Paget and sac; boys' ditto, Leopold, Stanley, sac, and knickerbocker; Trousers and vests, all kinds

Trousers, in silk mixture, doeskin, tweed, cotton, Bedford cord, and moleskin

Shirts—white dress, regatta, Crimean, serge, Scotch twill, tweed, and jain

Pants and under-shirts, in flannel, lambswool, serge, merino, and cotton

Men's and boys' Hosiery, of all kinds

Hats—straw, merino, tweed, silk-stitched, felt, and plush, in all the latest shapes

Waterproof coats, overalls, leggings and sou'-westers; monkey jackets and pilot coats

All the above Goods are to our special order.

**Boots and Shoes.**—A splendid assortment, consisting of:

Ladies', girls', and children's boots, in kid, cashmere, morocco, and leather

Slippers—canvas, patent leather (plain and fur-trimmed), sheepskin, and carpet

Men's and boys' boots—elastic-side, Balmoral, Bluecher, Wellington, half-Wellington, and riding boots; Colonial water-tights, made to our order in Melbourne

Gum boots—Hayward's North British and Liverpool; Hardy's nuggets.

**Groceries and Provisions.**—Teas, coffees, sugars, candles, soaps, raisins, salmon, &c. &c.

**Wines and Spirits.**—Brandy, rum, whisky, gin; port, sherry; light wines; bitters.

**Ironmongery, Mining Tools, and Agricultural Implements.**—Anvils, axes, augers, adzes,

balances, bells, bags, blacking, brushes (all kinds), baking-dishes, billies, braces and bitts,

black-lead, bellows, boilers, bedsteads, bolts, blocks, candlesticks, chains (various), candle-moulds, colanders, compasses, chisels, coal-scuttles, scoop and vase; corkscrews, coffin furniture, cash-boxes, door-scrappers, drippers, egg-whisks, slice and cups; fuse, frying-pans, funnels, files, fenders and fire-irons, fish-hooks, gimblets, grindstones, graters,

glue, grinders, gold-blowers, dishes and sieves, grates, gads, guns, glue-pots, hammers (all kinds), hoes, jelly-moulds, knives, a large assortment; knives and forks, knife-boards,

kettles, lanterns, locks, ladles, milk dishes, cans, strainers, sieves, and yokes; measuring tapes, mops, mallets, nails of every kind, pitch, picks, pumps, powder, pincers, piping,

ploughs, quoits, quicksilver, rules, rope, resin, rivets, rasps, rakes, ship scrapers, sickles and bats, slop-pails, saws of all kinds, sieves, seaming twine, sponges, scoops, sheep-shears, saucepans, shovels and spades, spirit-levels, soldering-irons, solder, spokeshaves,

shot, steelyards, scales, screws, staples, stewpans, teapots, trowels, tar, tacks, tubs, trowsers, vices, waiters, washing boards and powder, window furniture of all kinds, writing cases, zinc, &c., &c.

**Timber and Building Materials.**—Shelving, 12 and 14 inches wide; T. and G. lumber

T. and G. Scotch Flooring, ½, ¾, 1, 1½ inch; beaded and plain match lining

Quartering, American hardwood, 3 x 1, 3 x 1½, 3 x 2, 4 x 3, 4 x 6; mouldings, various sizes

Galvanised and painted iron, all sizes; rolled zinc, spouting, brackets, down-piping heads

Screws, nails, locks, hinges, and bolts; doors, glass, raised panel, and plain sashes, all sizes.

**Paints, Paperhangings, Oils.**—Paints of all kinds; white and red lead; black, green, blue, umbre, ochre, &c.; Oils—raw, boiled, colza, olive, turpentine, &c.; oak and copal

varnish, asphaltum, oak-stain, knotting

Paperhangings—a large assortment of drawing-room, sitting-room, bed-room, hall, passage, and ceiling, various; borderings, all kinds.

**Tinware** of every description, a large assortment, all kinds.

**Kitchen Utensils.**—Stoves, boilers, saucepans, kettles, &c.

**Crockery.**—A large and well-assorted department.

**Lamps, Glassware, Kerosene, Lampware.**—large assortment.

**Furniture, Bedding, &c.**—Bedsteads: an assortment of French and stump double, single, and children's bedsteads and cots

Chairs: Ladies, Florence, Lincoln, Fillmore, dining, American wood, spring hair, rocking; easy-chairs, in hair, cane, and wood

Commodore, cheffoniers, children's high and low chairs, cane and wood; chests of drawers

Tables: round and square, dining, loo, and dressing, various

Washstands, in cedar and walnut; towel-horses, mahogany, cedar, turned and plain

Sofas, a large assortment, colonial made, with or without backs, pillows, and cushions

Mattresses: feather, hair, flock, fibre, any size; pillows and bolsters, do. do. do.

**Leather.**—Crop, kip, calf, kangaroo, &c., from the Tannery of Michaelis, Hallenstein, and Co

**Grindery.**—a large assortment.

**Tobacco and Cigars.**—Being direct importers of these goods, buyers can always depend on getting a first-class article.

Tobacco: fancy and aromatic, silver coil, Atlantic cable, old sport, navy, fives, sixes, tens, imperial ruby, gold bar; dark aromatic—tens, bashful lover, little sunshade, monster;

Barrett's twist and cut tobaccos; snuff

Cigars: Trabucos, Havana, Princess, and Swiss.

**Stationery and Books.**—Account-books, all sizes and bindings; minute-books, bill-files, blotting-paper, memo. books, copying letter-books, copy and exercise books, data-cases,

envelopes, all kinds and sizes; elastic bands, foolscap (plain and ruled), gum mucilage, ink of all kinds; inkstands, a large variety; letter balances, clips, and files; pass-books

Note and letter paper, white, blue, and mourning; pens of all kinds, pencils, playing-cards, pocket-books, purses, slates, albums, rulers, sealing-wax, tissue-paper, all colours; desks

Books: an assortment of family and pocket bibles, church services, and prayer-books

Poetical Works of Byron, Moore, Scott, Burns, Milton, Cowper, Cook, Campbell, Longfellow

Gift books; dictionaries—French, Latin, German, and English; geographies, arithmetics.

**Fancy Goods.**—A large, choice, and varied assortment.

**Patent Medicines.**—Large assortment; also, a variety of Horse Medicines.

**Perfumery.**—"from every flower that breathes a fragrance."

**Saddlery.**—This department will be found very complete, as all goods are manufactured expressly for us by Alston, of Melbourne.

Bridles, with or without bits; a large assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's, double and single rein, Pelham and snaffle; all prices.

Curry-combs and brushes of all kinds; halters; hobbles, various.

Saddles, ladies' and gentlemen's; demy, stock, green hide, and all over bogskin; various prices.

Saddlery-cloths, kersey, felt; saddle-girths, leather, web; saddle straps, spurs of all kinds;

vices, martingales and breastplates, various; stirrup leathers, ladies' slippers and stirrup leathers, cruppers, bits, burnisters, headstalls, ladies' worked saddle-cloths.

Spring-art harness complete, drag harness complete, leading sets complete.

Pack saddles, straps, needles, buckles, hump knives.

Whips, a large variety; jockey whips, silver mounted, green hide; ladies' twigs, various kinds; buggy whips, cart whips, all sizes; stockwhips and handles, things of all kinds.

**Produce.**—Agents for Robertson and Hallenstein, Brunswick Flour Mills, Lake Wakatipu—We have for sale their silk-dressed Flour, (equal to Adelaide); pollard, bran, oats, wheat, barley, chaff. Garden seeds in great variety.

**Sundries.**—Tents, tarpaulins, Manila rope, hose canvas, horse-covers, wheelbarrows, hose-direction, brushware, camp and colonial ovens, earthenware, lime, &c. &c. &c.

## Cromwell

## VICTORIA STORE, CROMWELL.

I. WRIGHT,  
DRAPER, CLOTHIER, HOSIER,  
HABERDASHER, AND  
GENERAL STOREKEEPER.

I. WRIGHT is now offering an assortment of  
NEW and CHEAP GOODS, in  
DRESS MATERIALS—Prints, Winceys, Alpacas,  
all-wool Plaids, French Merinos, &c.  
Calicoes, Flannels, Blankets, Quilts  
Toilet Covers, Matting and Druggeting  
Ladies and Children's Underclothing  
BABY LINEN.

Also, a well-selected stock of  
Women and Children's Boots and Shoes, in  
leather, kid, and cashmere  
Ladies and Children's Hats, trimmed and un-  
trimmed  
Ironmongery, Glass, Crockery  
Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods  
Toys, Jewellery, Cutlery, Stationery  
Perfumery, Musical Instruments  
Berlin and other Wools  
Paperhangings, Brushware  
Tobacco and Cigars  
and other Goods too numerous to mention.

NEWSAGENT.



DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,  
WHOLESALE  
AND  
RETAIL  
FAMILY GROCERS,  
AND  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO. desire to return thanks  
to the people of Cromwell and the surrounding  
districts for the liberal encouragement they have  
received since opening the above establishment;  
and as they intend devoting their attention exclu-  
sively to the Grocery and Wine and Spirit trade,  
they confidently hope, from their connection in  
Dunedin, to be able to place before the public  
a genuine class of goods, well and carefully  
selected, at prices that cannot fail to give general  
satisfaction. They would respectfully invite at-  
tention more especially to the following articles  
in stock:—

Teas of excellent flavor, in chests, half-chests,  
and boxes  
Coffees not to be surpassed in quality  
Cocoa and Chocolate of the best brands  
Sugar—crystals and crushed loaf  
Raisins—Muscatel, Sultan, and Eleme  
Jams, Jellies, Pickles, and Sauces  
Bacon, Cheese, and Butter of prime quality  
Tobacco—Imperial Ruby Twist, Barrett's  
Twist, Old Sport, and Aromatic  
Oils—Salad, Castor, and Kerosene  
Candles of the best brands  
Soaps—Blue Mottled, Yellow, and Scented in  
bars and cakes, &c., &c.

GRAIN.  
Wakatip Oats, Wheat, and Chaff  
SPIRITS.  
Islay Whisky—Arbeg's and Long Jones'  
Hennessey's and Martell's Brandy, in bulk  
and case  
J.D.K.Z. Geneva  
Burnett's Old Tom  
Lemon Hart's Rum in bulk  
Porter—Blood's, Byass's, and Guinness's  
CORDIALS.  
Ginger Wine, Raspberry Vinegar, Peppermint,  
Lemon Syrup, &c., &c.  
Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla

Families waited on for orders, and goods deliv-  
ered in all parts of the district at Cromwell  
prices.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,  
HAVING RECEIVED A NEW AND SELECT  
ASSORTMENT OF

## IRONMONGERY

Beg to call public attention to the following:—

Blasting  
Powder and  
Fuse; Long and  
Short handle Shovels;  
Picks, Pick Handles, and  
Sluice Forks; Pannikins, Gold  
Dishes, Billies; Galvanised Iron  
Buckets; American Tubs, Buckets, and  
Brooms; Axes and Handles; Manila Rope  
for mining purposes; Drilling Hammers and  
Handles; White Lead; Castor Oil in bulk;  
Washing-boards; Brushware of every  
description; Nails; Canvas; Hose  
Pipes.—Contracts undertaken  
for supplying Mining Co.'s  
with Material of all  
kinds, on liberal  
terms. Free  
delivery

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.'s  
DEPOT FOR MINING TOOLS,  
CROMWELL.

## Cromwell

SHAMROCK STORE,  
CROMWELL.

WILLIAM SHANLY,  
FAMILY GROCER,  
GENERAL STOREKEEPER,  
is carrying on business at the old-established  
premises, next to the Bank of New South Wales,  
Melmore-street.

The BEST QUALITY of GOODS only  
is kept in stock.

All orders will meet with prompt attention.

F. SANSON, SADDLER  
AND  
HARNESS-MAKER,

Begs to inform the public that he is carrying on  
business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr  
Raven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict atten-  
tion and moderate charges, to merit the public  
patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every  
description made on the premises.

Repairs done on the shortest notice.

Cromwell Veterinary Shoeing Forge,  
Next door to Kidd's Cromwell Hotel.

EDWARD LINDSAY,  
(Late of Clyde and Melbourne),  
GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, AND  
MACHINIST,

Begs to intimate to his customers and the general  
public that he has REMOVED to his NEW  
PREMISES, next to the Cromwell Hotel, Mel-  
more Terrace, where he will carry on every de-  
scription of Blacksmith work and Farriery as  
heretofore.

E. LINDSAY begs to intimate to the Public  
generally that he has gone to the expense of get-  
ting a CAST-IRON BED for TYING WHEELS on a new  
principle, being the first introduced up-country,  
which he will guarantee to give general satisfac-  
tion; also, that he has made a reduction in the  
price of Horse-shoeing.

LIGHT SHOES - - - 12s.  
DRAUGHT " - - - 17s.

EDWARD LINDSAY,  
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD,  
LATE MR GRANT'S

NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD.

JAMES TAYLOR,  
Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,



Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material  
suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest  
PRICES compatible with Good Material and  
Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may  
be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings  
Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs  
Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners'  
Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope,  
SADDLERY, &c., cheap.

JUNCTION BAKERY  
CROMWELL.

C. W. WRIGHT,  
BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER.

Bread Delivered in all Parts of the  
District.



## THE CROMWELL BAKERY,

J. SCOTT,  
BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,  
Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread  
regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

THIGH GUM BOOTS.  
25s.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

## Cromwell

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,  
SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION  
AGENT,  
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT,  
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively  
to these occupations, business entrusted to  
my care will receive every attention.

Agent for the New Zealand Fire Insurance  
Company.

J. C. CHAPPEL,  
AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District  
may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet  
with prompt attention.

## CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Reading-room is open to Subscribers on  
Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Library contains an extensive variety of  
Books in every department of literature; and  
about £40 worth of New Works is expected to  
arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number  
of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly  
received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual Subscription, £1 1s; Half-Yearly  
12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

MR H. W. SMYTHIES,  
MINING SURVEYOR AND AGENT.

Legal Managership & REGISTRATION  
of Companies undertaken.

Office: Town Hall, Cromwell.

## NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on  
MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this  
date.

I. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, 12th May 1870.—27tc

GROCERIES, WINES & SPIRITS,  
IRONMONGERY &  
BUILDING MATERIALS,  
DRAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS,  
&c. &c.

Our Melbourne firm, Messrs MICHAELIS, HAL-  
LENSTEIN and Co., having recently opened a  
place of business in London, we have made ar-  
rangements with them to import most of our  
goods direct from Home, and are now in a po-  
sition to supply this market with all goods bearing  
a profit on first cost only, thus saving the profit  
hitherto paid to importers.

STOREKEEPERS & WHOLESALE AND  
RETAIL BUYERS

will therefore be able to purchase cheaper from  
us than in Dunedin or elsewhere, besides having  
the advantage of being able to select their goods  
on the spot from one of the largest stocks on the  
gold-fields, (for particulars of which see our ge-  
neral advertisement.)

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.  
Cromwell, March 1873.

## NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned, beg to inform the  
inhabitants of the Cromwell, Alexandra,  
and Clyde districts that we have appointed

I. Hallenstein and Co., Cromwell,  
As our only AGENTS for the sale of our Silk-  
dressed

FLOUR, BRAN, AND POLLARD.

We guarantee all Flour branded with our  
name, and obtained through the above agents.

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN,  
Brunswick Flour Mills,  
LAKE WAKATIP.

VICTORIA FIRE AND GENERAL  
INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL.....£2,200,000.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,  
AGENTS,  
CROMWELL.

## Bannockburn &amp; Carrick Range

STUART'S FERRY,  
KAWARAU RIVER.

Main crossing-place between Cromwell and  
the Nevis for Waggon, Drays, Horses, and  
Foot passengers.

Children attending School, Free.

## THE FERRY HOTEL

Has first-class accomodation for Travellers.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,  
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,

(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSE-  
HOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions

kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from  
Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POS-  
SIBLE PRICES.

N.B.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD  
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,  
Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN,  
NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the  
increasing requirements of those districts, he  
has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's  
Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for  
Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND & CO.,  
(Late of Legantown),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS & FARRIERS,

Beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the  
public generally that they have removed to  
QUARTZVILLE, next to HAZLETT'S Carrick  
Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict atten-  
tion to business and reasonable charges, to merit  
a share of their patronage.

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,  
QUARTZVILLE.

CHARLES PEAKE,  
Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the  
above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel,  
is now in a position to offer first-class accom-  
modation to all who may favour him with their  
patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on  
the most complete scale, and the arrangements  
for the comfort of visitors and travellers are  
second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM,  
fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables.

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE,  
with careful groom always in attendance.

183 CHARLES PEAKE.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE.

WALLSEND COAL MINE.  
TO MEET THE TIMES.

JAMES LAWRENCE and Co. are prepared  
to deliver COALS, of a superior quality, at the  
Pit's Mouth at 12s. per ton; or at STUART'S  
FERRY (Cromwell Side) at 24s. per ton. The  
price delivered in CROMWELL will be 32s. per  
ton.

Orders left at Bridge Hotel, Cromwell, will  
be attended to.

Back loading taken.

## Arrowtown

## R. PRITCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Storekeeper,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,  
ARROWTOWN.

The largest and best-assorted stock of Wines,  
Spirits, Groceries, and Provisions in the district.  
A well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoes,  
Draper, &c.

Agent for

T. ROBINSON &amp; Co.,

Agricultural Implement Manufacturers,  
Dunedin and Melbourne.

## Queenstown



THE Right Man in the Right Place.

W. J. BARRY

AT THE

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,  
QUEENSTOWN.

The accommodation at the PRINCE OF WALES  
is unsurpassed. New rooms have lately been  
erected for private families; and visitors may  
depend upon every convenience and comfort,  
combined with moderate charges.

## HOT DRINKS.

Hot Purl; hot spiced Ale and Porter; Coffee  
Royal; hot Coffee and Milk. Steamer always  
going.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,  
Corner of Beach and Rees Streets,  
QUEENSTOWN.

In connection with the above, W. J. BARRY,  
Jun., begs to announce that he has taken

## THE STABLES

in connection with the Hotel, and assures those  
who may favour him with their patronage that  
horses will be well and properly cared for.

LIVERY: 6s. per night.

Horses on hire, 10s. per day. W. J. B. Jun.,  
would call attention to the fact that he keeps a  
numerous and first-class stud for hiring pur-  
poses: consisting of saddle horses, ladies' hacks,  
and light draught horses. Saddle-saddles and  
buggies always on hand.

English Grass Paddocks for Horses.

## ROBERT BOYNE,

GENERAL STOREKEEPER  
AND NEWS AGENT,

Queenstown, Lake Wakatipu.

A large stock of Groceries and other goods  
always on hand. Importer of English and Colo-  
nial Newspapers. Orders punctually attended  
to, and newspapers forwarded to any part of the  
district.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

## Clyde

## MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

M. MARSHALL,

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,

SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS  
VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial  
Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a  
small advance upon English prices.

## Alexandra

## MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,

ALEXANDRA.

THEYERS &amp; BECK beg to announce

that they are prepared to supply their  
SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Delivered free of cartage within twenty  
miles.

Orders left with

Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;

Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;

or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

THEYERS AND BECK,

BREWERS,

ALEXANDRA.

## Luggate

## ALBION HOTEL AND STORE,

LUGGATE,

28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to  
Lake Wanaka.

H. MAIDMAN ..... Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accom-  
modation for the comfort and convenience of  
travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery,  
Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at  
Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLING.

N.B.—District Post Office.

## Wanaka

## WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.

The above hotel, which is delightfully  
situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake,  
offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker  
advantages rarely to be met with.

The scenery in the neighbourhood is ex-  
ceedingly picturesque; and on an Island in  
the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.

An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a  
PADDOCK, for horses.

THEODORE RUSSELL,

Proprietor.

## PROVINCIAL COUNCIL.

THURSDAY, JULY 17.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 p.m.

## PETITION.

Mr Bastings presented a petition from cer-  
tain residents in the town of Lawrence, pray-  
ing that steps should be taken to prevent the  
flooding of their sections through the opera-  
tions of the Blue Spur miners.

## CONSTRUCTION OF RAILWAYS.

Mr Bastings brought down a set of six re-  
solutions on the above subject. The first set  
forth the necessity that existed for the im-  
mediate construction of the main line through  
the Province from the Waitaki to Invercargill;  
and urged that the General Government  
should be at once asked to proceed with the  
work. In the event of them not doing so,  
the Provincial Government to be authorised  
to take the matter in hand, and to proceed  
with the construction of the line from the  
Clutha to Mataura, and from Dunedin to  
Moeraki, both lines to be submitted to public  
tender; the first to be paid for out of the  
proceeds of land contiguous to the line, such  
land to be reserved from sale pending the  
construction of the line; the second to be  
paid for by the sale of 500,000 acres of pas-  
toral land, in terms of section 159, "Otago  
Waste Lands Act, 1872." The remaining  
five of the set recommended the construction  
in this and the following year of several branch  
lines, payment of some to be made out of re-  
venue, and others by the sale of the necessary  
amount of pastoral land. The following was  
added by permission of the Council to the  
resolutions:—"Provided that no block or  
parcel of land should be sold for the above  
purposes of rail and tramway development  
situated on the gold-fields of the Province,  
until a report has first been obtained from  
the Warden of the district, and also an in-  
dependent report from two gentlemen ap-  
pointed by the Central Miners' Association,  
setting forth that the land proposed to be  
sold is not payable auriferous, nor likely, by  
becoming freehold, to impede mining enter-  
prise; the cost of such reports to be defrayed  
by the Government."

Mr Bastings spoke at some length in favour  
of the resolutions.

Mr Reid moved an amendment, the gist  
of which was to the effect that, instead of  
selling so large an area of land, the railway  
should be constructed by means of loans.

The debate was adjourned.

## SUPPLY.

On the motion for the House going into a  
Committee of Supply, Mr Reid moved that  
the Estimates, as regarded the increase of the  
salaries of Civil servants, should be remodelled  
by the Government. If some sort of fixed  
scale was adhered to in this matter, there  
would be no chance of influence of friends  
affecting the raising of an officer's salary.

Mr Turnbull said Mr Reid's motion would  
be accepted as a Government question, and  
by it the Government would stand or fall.

A division was taken, with the following  
result: Ayes, 12; Noes, 24.

The House then resolved itself into Com-  
mittee of Supply.

The first item was the Superintendent's  
salary: £1000. Mr Stout moved that it be  
£800; but this was lost by 23 to 14.

It was moved that the salary of Secretary  
for Gold-fields and Works be reduced from  
£600 to £400; but this was also lost by 21  
to 14.

When the item, "Expenses of members,  
£1200," came on, Mr Roberts moved, and  
Mr Green seconded, that the item be struck  
out. But the item was carried.

Under the head of "Police," the follow-  
ing item was carried:—Extra pay for Ser-  
geants and Constables, at 6d. per day, for  
those who have been 5 years, and 1s. for those  
who have been 10 years and over in the Ser-  
vice, £580.

Progress was then reported, and leave ob-  
tained to sit again.

## THE CARDRONA ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

Mr MacKellar brought up a report by the  
Select Committee on Gold-fields, respecting  
the Cardrona Arbitration Case (Cotter and  
others). The Committee stated they were of  
opinion that it was not competent for the Go-  
vernment to take the stand of saying that no  
compensation would be paid by them; and  
further that the Government were bound to  
pay the award, or take steps to have the award  
set aside, and a fresh arbitration entered  
upon.

A report by the same Committee, upon  
another matter, concluded with these words:  
"Your Committee would also draw your at-  
tention to the desirability of the whole ques-  
tion of mining on freehold property being  
dealt with by the Legislature, and your Com-  
mittee would urge upon your attention the  
immediate necessity of introducing a clause  
into the Waste Lands Act reserving all min-  
erals in the soil to the Crown."

FRIDAY, JULY 18.

After some questions had been disposed of,  
in reply to one by Mr Tohnie, as to whether  
the Government were aware that 700 acres of  
auriferous land at Maerewhenua had been  
sold to Mr Campbell,

Dr Webster said the Government were of  
opinion the land was not auriferous, and they  
had sold it for 10s. an acre.

A "Clyde Water Works Empowering Or-  
dinance" was read a first time.

## CONSTRUCTION OF RAILWAYS.

The discussion was resumed upon Mr Bas-  
tings' resolutions, and Mr Reid's amendment  
thereto, upon the above subject.

A number of members having spoken, the  
debate was adjourned until Monday.

## SUPPLY.

The House went into Committee of Supply.  
Under the head of "Gold-fields" a discus-  
sion took place as to the position in which  
Mr Warden Pyke stood, whether he was still  
in the Government service or not.

Mr Bastings explained that Mr Pyke had  
offered to retire, and that offer had been ac-  
cepted. He would receive 11 months' salary  
as compensation, having been 11 years in  
the service.

£20,000 was voted for new School build-  
ings throughout the Province, and £600 for  
a new Court-house at Clyde.

Under the head "Main Roads," the fol-  
lowing items were passed:—

Maintenance.—Dunstan to Cromwell, £520;  
Cromwell to Queenstown, £820; Lindis to  
Wanaka, £150; Cromwell to Wanaka, £200.

Works absolutely necessary.—Dunstan to  
Cromwell, £1500; Cromwell to Queenstown,  
£2000.

MONDAY, JULY 21.

Mr Stout asked the Secretary for Lands  
whether the Government intended to take  
any steps to re-purchase the auriferous land  
at Switzers sold to Mr Allan McDonald, so  
that the said land might be thrown open to  
all miners in that locality?

Mr Turnbull: The Government don't in-  
tend to take any steps to re-purchase the land  
the hon. member refers to.

## REDUCTION OF THE GOLD EXPORT DUTY.

Mr Sumpter moved—"That in the opinion  
of this Council it is advisable that the export  
duty on gold should be reduced sixpence per  
ounce."

Mr Hazlett seconded the motion, which  
was carried on the voices after some slight  
opposition on the part of Messrs McGlashan  
and Fish.

## SURVEY OF ROAD FROM ARROW TO CARDRONA.

Mr Clarke, in the absence of Mr Hallen-  
stein, moved—"That a respectful Address be  
presented to his Honor the Superintendent,  
asking him to cause a dray road to be sur-  
veyed from the Arrow to the Cardrona."

The motion was lost on the voices.

## RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION.

The House spent the time from 7 p.m. to  
0.15 a.m. in consideration of Mr Bastings'  
resolutions and Mr Reid's amendment on  
the above subject.

Mr Fish stated that the Government had  
decided to make this a Government question.

Mr Reid's amendment was lost by 21 votes  
to 15.

An amendment given notice of by Mr Gil-  
lies was proposed by Mr Sumpter, to the  
effect that, if the General Government did  
not immediately go on with the construction  
of the line from Waitaki to Invercargill, ap-  
plication should be made for authority to  
borrow a sufficient sum of money for that  
purpose, "on the security of one acre of land  
for every one pound in money so borrowed,  
and further providing that the land so set  
aside as security, may be opened for sale  
under the system of deferred payments or  
otherwise as this Council may from time to  
time direct, at a net price not less than 20s.  
per acre, the proceeds of the sale of such  
lands to be placed to the credit of a Trust  
Fund for the redemption of the loan herein-  
before proposed;" and concluding thus—  
"That this Council is of opinion that there is  
no immediate necessity for the sacrifice of  
our landed estate by sale in large blocks, and  
would deprecate a policy tending in that di-  
rection."

This amendment was also negatived by 20  
to 15.

The Government resolutions were then put  
and carried by 18 to 14.

Mr Hagitt, at the conclusion of the de-  
bate, gave it as his opinion that it was utterly  
and entirely impossible ever to procure the  
consent of the gentlemen to be appointed  
by the Central Mining Association for the  
sale of any land whatever.

TUESDAY, JULY 22.

A motion by Mr McGlashan to the effect  
that this Council is of opinion that the Legis-  
lative Council of the Colony should be an  
elected and not a nominated body was lost on  
the voices.

## CROMWELL.

Mr Bastings moved—"That block 18, in  
the township of Cromwell, bounded on the  
north by Alpha-street, on the west by Gay-  
street, on the south by Orient-street, and on  
the east by Jus-street, and containing by ad-  
measurement 2a. 3r. 8p., more or less, be  
reserved for Hospital purposes."—Carried.

## CONSTRUCTION OF RAILWAYS.

The Council went into consideration of the  
different resolutions proposed previously by  
Mr Bastings, regarding the construction of  
several branch lines throughout the Province.

After debate, the whole of the proposals  
were agreed to.

## RAILWAY TO CROMWELL.

Before moving his contingent motion upon  
this subject, Mr MacKellar brought up the  
report of the Select Committee appointed to  
consider the extension of the railway to  
Cromwell.

Mr MacKellar then moved—"That the  
extension of the railway line from Tokomai-  
riro and Tuapeka to Roxburgh, Alexandra,  
Clyde, and Cromwell, (and which for short-  
ness sake may be hereafter designated the  
Otago Central Railway,) be proceeded with.  
That the said extension shall be proceeded  
with in such a manner that the portion be-  
tween Tuapeka and Roxburgh be constructed  
concurrently with the progress of the present  
contracts between Tokomairiro and Tuapeka."

Mr Hazlett seconded, and the debate was  
adjourned to allow of the Select Committee's  
report being printed.

## SETTLEMENT ON THE LAND.

Mr McKenzie moved a series of resolutions,  
to the effect that a block of 30,000 acres of  
agricultural land should be surveyed into  
200-acre lots; that plans of such lots should  
be forwarded to the Home Agents of the  
Province, who should be instructed to adver-  
tise the land as open for selection by intend-  
ing immigrants. The hon. member was sure  
if 10,000 acres were allotted to each of the  
three countries—England, Ireland, and Scot-  
land,—it would be the means of bringing out  
a number of the right sort of settlers to the  
Province.

The resolutions were lost by 17 votes to 13.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 23.

Mr MacKellar asked the Government,  
"Whether they were willing to make an ar-  
rangement with the Corporation of Cromwell  
in the matter of redeeming blocks 8, 13, 14,  
62, 63, and 68, from their present waste con-  
dition?"

Mr Bastings said the Government had no  
information to enable them to decide. It  
would depend upon the District Engineer's  
report whether they would entertain the  
matter.

Mr MacKellar would be satisfied if the  
Government referred the matter to the Dis-  
trict Engineer.

## NEW HUNDREDS.

In connection with Message No. 9 of his  
Honour, recommending the proclamation of  
new Hundreds, the House decided that three  
should be opened: 20,000 acres at Lee  
Stream; 10,000 acres at Mataura; and  
15,000 on Bellamy Station, near Lawrence.

## DEFERRED PAYMENTS.

30,000 acres of land, in blocks of from 2500  
to 5000 acres, in different portions of the  
Province, were set aside for sale on the de-  
ferred payment system.

## SUPPLY.

The House then went into Committee of  
Supply, when the following items were  
passed:—

Maintenance.—Cromwell to Bendigo Gully  
and Logantown, L.100; Albertown to Car-  
drona, L.50; Arrow to Cardrona, L.50;  
Cromwell to Nevis, L.150; Clyde to Nevis,  
L.50.

Liabilities on Contracts.—Cromwell to Car-  
drona, L.115; Cromwell to Quartz Reef  
Point, L.420; Approaches to Bannockburn  
Bridge, L.960.

Works absolutely necessary.—Cromwell to  
Matatapu, L.100; West Side, Lake Wanaka,  
L.500; Albertown to Makarora, L.100;  
Cromwell to Carriekton, L.400; Nevis to  
Upper Nevis, L.400.

THURSDAY, JULY 24.

Mr Fish moved a set of resolutions to the  
effect that the Boys' High School in Dunedin  
be done away with entirely; and that the  
buildings be devoted to the purpose of a  
training school for teachers. The mover sup-  
ported his resolutions at length, urging that  
the school was a class school, and was expen-  
sive beyond its result for good.

The debate was adjourned.

## COMMITTEE OF SUPPLY.

The House went into Committee of Supply  
to consider motions of which notice had been  
previously given: among others, the follow-  
ing:—

## CROMWELL.

Mr Hazlett, in the unavoidable absence of  
Mr MacKellar, moved—"That a sum of  
L.250 be placed on the Estimates for the  
Cromwell Atheneum Building."

Mr Bastings said that if L.500 was suffi-  
cient for Invercargill, L.150 would be suffi-  
cient for this Institution.

Mr Hazlett accepted that sum, and the  
motion was carried.

## NEVIS RIVER.

In the absence of Mr MacKellar, Mr Haz-  
lett moved, and it was agreed to—"That the  
sum of L.60 be placed on the Estimates, to  
erect a Foot-bridge over the Nevis River, at  
the place known as the Lower Crossing."



**WANTED, an APPRENTICE** to the Bootmaking Business.—Apply to WM TAYLOR, Bootmaker, Cromwell.

**WANTED,—A good JOURNEYMAN BAKER.** Good wages given. Apply immediately to J. SCOTT, Cromwell Bakery, or to D. SCALLY, Nevis.

#### NOTICE.

**FOURTEEN or FIFTEEN QUARTZ MINERS WANTED** in the STAR OF THE EAST and HEART OF OAK claims, Carrick. Wages, £3 5s per week.

Apply to the Working Managers on the Claims. By order of the Directors, Star and Oak Co.'s.

#### STRIKE! STRIKE! STRIKE!

Notice is given to the Miners in Cromwell and surrounding districts that we, the MINERS on CARRICK RANGE, are ON STRIKE for the purpose of RESISTING AN ATTEMPT TO LOWER THE WAGES.

#### VICTORIA HOTEL,

PEEL-STREET, LAWRENCE.

RICHARD WILLIAMS ... Proprietor.

Families and Travellers visiting Lawrence will find every accommodation, and receive the best attention, at this old-established Hotel.

A new building has recently been erected, which considerably enlarges the accommodation and enhances the comfort of visitors. The additions comprise a suit of Private Apartments, commodious Bedrooms, and well furnished and cosy Sittingrooms, and render the Victoria one of the largest and most comfortable country hotels in the province.

A substantial Stable has also been erected, making now 13 stalls; together with four loose boxes and coach house.

Paddock for the accommodation of horses.

#### BANNOCKBURN COAL PIT.

ORDERS for this COAL left with D. A. JOLLY & CO. will be punctually executed.

JOHN DOVE.

#### HEART OF OAK Q.M. COMPANY,

REGISTERED.

The HALF-YEARLY MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, Bannockburn, on TUESDAY, the 29th instant, at 7 p.m.

JAMES MARSHALL, Manager.

#### STAR OF THE EAST Q.M. COMPY.,

REGISTERED.

The HALF-YEARLY MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, at 7 p.m.

(Signed) D. MACKELLAR, Manager.

#### PRIVATE SCHOOL, CROMWELL.

MRS RHIND,

(Late Resident Governess at the Girls' Provincial High School),

Will be prepared, on and after MONDAY, 14th instant, to receive DAY SCHOLARS at her Residence, near Cromwell Bridge.

The course of instruction will comprise all the ordinary branches; the Languages, ancient and modern, if desired; Music and Singing; Plain and Fancy Needlework, &c.

A YOUNG LADIES' EVENING CLASS Will be formed for teaching Fancywork, Sewing, and other useful accomplishments.

Terms may be ascertained on application.

#### ELIZABETH COMPANY,

REGISTERED.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned for SUPPLY of SLABS and PROP TIMBER, delivered at Cromwell or Carrick Range, for ensuing twelve months.

Particulars may be obtained from

CHAS. COLCLOUGH, Legal Manager, Cromwell.

#### TO the RATEPAYERS of MACANDREW WARD, CROMWELL.

GENTLEMEN,—Having been requested by a number of the citizens of Cromwell to come forward as a candidate for the above Ward,

I beg therefore to offer myself as a Candidate for the forthcoming Election.—I am, &c.,

JOHN TOWAN.

July 14, 1873.

#### CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Club will be held in the Town-hall on WEDNESDAY, 30th instant, at 8 o'clock sharp.

Business: Election of Officers.

WILLIAM MACNAB, Secretary.

#### BANK OF NEW ZEALAND.

##### CROMWELL AGENCY.

On and after MONDAY, the 21st July, the Business of this Bank will be conducted in its NEW PREMISES, next door to Kidd's Cromwell Hotel.

**FOR SALE, Two BUGGIES**, (one double-seated), a SPRING CART, and a double set of Harness; also, a set of Harness to suit buggy or spring cart; and Two HORSES. Apply to

GEORGE JENOUR, Cromwell.

#### MIDWIFERY.—Mrs C. THOMSON,

late of Aberdeen and Dunedin, begs to give notice that, having arrived in Cromwell, she is prepared to practise in the above profession. Mrs Thomson has a diploma from Aberdeen, and has had an EXPERIENCE OF NINETEEN YEARS.

Residence, at Mr JOHN HAYES', West End, Cromwell.

#### New Advertisements.

V.



R.

MINING LEASES REGULATIONS.—PROVINCE OF OTAGO, NEW ZEALAND.

##### Schedule A.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR LEASE.

Cromwell, 19th July, 1873.

To W. L. SIMPSON, Esq., Warden.

SIR,—I have paid to the District Surveyor the sum required by the Mining Leases Regulations of Otago, and I agree, if my application (the particulars of which are hereunder set forth) be investigated, that such sum shall in all respects be held subject to the terms of such regulations, and that, upon approval of this application, I will execute a Lease upon the bases therein stated, if the Governor or his Delegate shall think fit to grant the same.—I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed) JOSIAH MITCHINSON.

Name and address in full of applicant.—Josiah Mitchinson, Bendigo.

Style under which it is intended to conduct the business.—The Reliance Quartz Mining Co., Limited.

Extent of land applied for.—Ten acres.

Minimum number of men to be employed by the lessee.—For the first six months, two men; subsequently, when in full work, ten men.

Amount of capital proposed to be invested.—£4500.

Proposed mode of working the land.—By machinery.

Precise locality.—Adjoining the Cromwell Quartz Mining Co.'s Lease on W.N.W., and in the Wakefield Survey District.

Term for which lease is required.—14 years.

Time of commencing operations.—As soon as survey is made.

The above application and any objection thereto will be heard before me, at Cromwell, on 25th September, 1873. Any person desiring to object to the issue of a Mining Lease upon the above application must, within 53 clear days from the date of such application, enter his objection at my office.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON, Warden.

##### FOR SALE.

**A LICENSED WATER RACE**, carrying two sluice-heads, in PIPE-CLAY GULLY, Bannockburn; Dams, Tools, &c.—Apply to

GEORGE JENOUR, Cromwell.

#### CROMWELL KILWINNING LODGE (S.C.)

The REGULAR MEETING of the above Lodge will be held on FRIDAY, August 8th.

Business:—Financial Statement; Lecture by R.W.M.

By order of the R.W.M.,

C. F. JOHNSON, Secretary.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that, no Candidate for the office of Mayor of the town of Cromwell having been elected to the said office, (in consequence of an equal number of votes having been recorded for the two candidates nominated,) THURSDAY, the 31st day of July, at noon, in the Town Hall, Cromwell, has been fixed as the day, hour, and place for the NOMINATION of Candidates for election to the office of Mayor of Cromwell for the period ending 1st of August, 1874.

In the event of there being more than one Candidate nominated, the POLLING will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of August, in the following booths:—

Bridge Ward ..... Town Hall.  
Kawarau Ward ..... I. Wright's Store.  
Macandrew Ward ..... Court House.

M. FRAER, Mayor.

#### MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

##### ELECTION OF COUNCILLORS.

Public Notice is hereby given that the following Candidates have been nominated as COUNCILLORS:—

Bridge Ward.  
GEORGE MICHAEL STARKEY  
ISAAC WRIGHT  
Macandrew Ward.  
JOHN HAYES  
OWEN PIERCE  
JOHN TOWAN.

There being more than one candidate for Bridge Ward, and more than two candidates for Macandrew Ward, all further proceedings in the election are adjourned until FRIDAY, the 1st day of August, 1873, when a poll will be taken in each of the two Wards between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m.

The Polling Places will be:—

Bridge Ward, at the Town Hall;  
Macandrew Ward, at the Court House.

M. FRAER, Mayor.

Council Chamber, Cromwell,  
July 24, 1873.

#### CARRICK RANGE W. S. COMPANY, REGISTERED.

The HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders in the above-named Company will be held in the Town Hall, Cromwell, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of August, 1873, at 3 o'clock p.m.

Business:—Consideration of Directors' Report; Balance Sheet; appointment of Manager (the present Manager having tendered his resignation); and any other business that may be brought before the meeting.

H. W. SMYTHIES, Manager.  
Cromwell, July 28, 1873.

##### AUCTION SALE.

**JAMES & STANBROOK**, instructed by Mr E. M. WAKEFIELD, will sell by auction at the OLD COURTHOUSE, Cromwell, on THURSDAY, July 31st instant, at 2 o'clock.

The Whole of his HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS: consisting of—Double iron bedstead, two cots, wash-hand stand and set, tables (one round), Colonial sofa, looking-glasses, carpets, crockery, window-curtains, office stove, poultry, &c. Also, at same time and place, the Building known as the Court-house (to be removed). 16 x 12, weatherboard, partially lined with wood.

The auctioneers beg to intimate that the whole of the above will be sold without the slightest reserve.

Terms Cash.

**LOST**, on the night of the Concert at Kidd's Concert Hall, a GOLD BROOCH, either in the Hall or between there and I. Wright's Victoria Store.

Whoever has found the same, and will return it to Mrs Wright, will be rewarded.

#### CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

SERVICES will be held as follows on SUNDAY NEXT, the 3rd proximo:—

The GORGE at 11 a.m.  
BANNOCKBURN at 3.30 p.m.  
CROMWELL in Evening, at usual time.

J. JONES.

A London telegram received by Messrs Goldsbrough and Co., Melbourne, states that the next wool sales are likely to be well attended by home and foreign buyers. About 200,000 bales are to be offered, and improved prices are confidently expected to be realised.

#### BIRTH.

At Cromwell, on July 23, Mrs W. Howe, of a daughter.

#### Cromwell Argus,

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1873.

Members of the Cromwell Jockey Club are reminded that the annual meeting for election of office-bearers, &c., takes place to-morrow (Wednesday) evening, in the Town-hall.

As we anticipated, proceedings in the election for the Mayoralty of Cromwell are to be repeated *ad initio*. The nomination is advertised to take place on Thursday next, the 31st inst., and the polling on Wednesday, 6th proximo. Any ratepayer may be nominated, and it is therefore quite within the bounds of possibility that neither of the present aspirants to the leadership of our Corporation will obtain the coveted honour.

The election of Councillors to fill the places of those whose term expires on the 31st inst., will be taken on Friday, 1st August. The vacancy for Kawarau Ward has been supplied by the election of Mr W. Shanly. One Councillor is required for Bridge Ward, and two for Macandrew Ward. The candidates are—for Bridge Ward, Messrs I. Wright and G. M. Starkey; for Macandrew Ward, Messrs John Hayes, John Towan, and Owen Pierce.

We have been requested to reprint from the *Arrow Observer* the suggestions made by the Executive Committee of the Otago Miners' Association in reference to the Gold-fields Bill. Most reluctantly we are obliged for want of space to delay the extract till next week.

We are glad to observe that our energetic M.P.C., Mr MacKellar, has succeeded in obtaining from the Government a promise to assist the Corporation in checking the waste and destruction of town land caused by the encroachments of dust and sand at the west end.

We are enabled to state, on the authority of a telegram received by Mr Ballard from the Chief Postmaster, that next European mail is expected to leave Dunedin on Tuesday, the 5th instant: consequently to ensure despatch, letters and newspapers for Home will have to be posted here before three p.m. on Thursday, the 31st.

Grants in aid of the erection of Atheneum buildings at Clyde and Cromwell, to the extent of £150 each, have been voted by the Provincial Council through the exertions of Messrs Hazlett and MacKellar, M.P.C.'s.

The Hon. Secretary of the Cromwell Miners' Association (Mr Colclough) is in receipt of the papers referring to the sale of the Maerewhenua block to the Hon. R. Campbell. The papers referred to contain a map of the ground, showing the alterations of survey at different times; and the correspondence has been carefully underlined to show the conduct of the Waste Lands Board and of the Government in the matter. The Hon. Sec. will be happy to admit all members of the Association to read these papers.

The following applications were granted in the Warden's Court on Thursday:—*Extended Claims*: G. Cockburn and four others, five acres on the Deep Lead, Bannockburn; Thomas Ivatts and two others, three acres on south side of Stewart's Gully, Nevis. *Water Right*: John Snow and another, two heads from a creek half-a-mile south of Deep Creek, Nevis. *Dam*: G. Cockburn and party, on Deep Lead terrace, Bannockburn.

Mr Hallenstein is taken to account strongly by the *Mail* for resigning his seat for the Wakatipu just at the beginning of the session. For the vacancy, Messrs Barton and Manders, of Queenstown, announce themselves; and Messrs Innes and Fish are also spoken of.

The Coorong has arrived at Adelaide from Port Darwin with 500 ozs of gold. Splendid alluvial diggings (says a telegram) have been discovered in the Northern Territory.

The Pneumatic Dredge Company at Clyde is to be wound up.

A telegram in the *Mount Ida Chronicle* says that on Thursday the Provincial Council passed a resolution requesting that the consideration of the Gold Mining Bill should be deferred by the Assembly till next session. Nothing, however, appears in either of the Dunedin papers of Friday relative to such a resolution on the part of the Council.

At the last meeting of the Waste Land Board in Dunedin, the following are matters of business transacted:—"The application of Messrs Kennedy and Robertson, for a coal-mining lease of section 9, block IV., Cromwell district, was granted, subject to the runholder's consent, on usual terms.—Messrs Pierce and Dawkins' application for a slaughter yard license, for sections 2 and 3, block I., Cromwell District, which was approved of by the District Land Officer, was granted, subject to the runholder's consent being obtained.—William U. Goodall applied to lease or purchase 100 acres of land for agricultural purposes on Loughnan's run, above Cromwell. Referred to District Land Officer."

Southland is entering upon a new era of prosperity, to judge from the three following paragraphs, which we clip from a Dunedin paper:—"There are two foundries in active operation in Invercargill, and a third is to be established shortly.—Labour, both skilled and unskilled, is exceedingly scarce in Southland—in fact, artisans or laborers can scarcely be obtained at present for money, love, or any other consideration.—The traffic between Invercargill and the Western District is largely on the increase. Two lines of coaches run between Invercargill and Riverton, and a third line is to commence immediately."

During the discussion in the Legislative Council upon the Reply to the Governor's address, Mr Waterhouse is reported by telegraph to have said:—"The prosperity of the Colony was not entirely due to the Public Works policy. It was due to the prosperity of the pastoral interest, caused by the increased price of wool, which had brought £3,000,000 into the country."

Mr Carruthers, Engineer-in-Chief of the Colony, has laid upon the table of the House of Representatives his annual report upon the Middle Island railways. The following Otago railways are thus reported upon:—"The Waitaki-Moeraki Railway runs through one of the best districts in the Middle Island, and there are in it 60,000 acres under cultivation. The revenue is estimated at £17,000, and the working expenses at £14,000. The revenue from the Tokomairiro and Lawrence Railway is estimated at £18,000, and the working expenses at £10,000, leaving a net annual profit of £8000. The estimated receipts from the Winton and Kingsdown line are £26,000, and the estimated working expenses £18,500, leaving an annual profit of £7500."

The Assembly, on the motion of a Nelson member, have agreed to send Hansard and Parliamentary Papers to all Mining Associations.

A Bill disqualifying holders of Publican's Licenses from being Justices of the Peace has been read a first time in the House of Representatives.

A Dunedin paper reports that the gravity of the Provincial Councilors was greatly shaken at being asked to vote £50 for the maintenance of Gentle Annie. One member wanted to know what had become of Roaring Meg.

The *Tuapeka Times* is informed that the Gold-fields Secretary has instructed the Wardens in-country to commit prisoners for trial to Lawrence.

The steamer Paterson (Messrs Brogden's boat), which arrived at Lyttleton on July 23, reports having spoken the cutter Hope, of Dunedin, the day before. The Hope had been three weeks at sea, having been blown from the Oamaru roadstead, and for the last three days her crew had been totally without food. There was no chart on board, and they had lost their reckoning. She was relieved by the Paterson, and was advised to make for Wellington.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

### DUNEDIN.

Wednesday, 9 a.m.

In the Provincial Council on Friday, Mr MacKellar's motion, requesting sum of money to be placed on Estimates for forming a new Cardrona track, was lost on the voices.

Mr MacKellar's resolution that the Tokomairiro-Tuapeka railway be extended to Roxburgh, Alexandra, Clyde, and Cromwell was carried; extension to be proceeded with so that that portion between Tuapeka and Roxburgh be constructed concurrently with the progress of present contracts between Tokomairiro and Tuapeka.

The race for Championship of New Zealand on Saturday between Fox and Drake, resulted in a victory for the former.

The Dunedin Masonic Hall has been sold by mortgagees.

The Council will probably be prorogued to-morrow.

## THE AMATEUR ENTERTAINMENT.

The first popular entertainment organised this winter on behalf of the Cromwell Atheneum building fund took place last Thursday evening at Kidd's Concert-hall, in the presence of a large and appreciative audience. An unusual degree of energy on the part of the Programme Committee, and a unanimous determination on the part of the performers, both musical and dramatic, to put forth their best efforts to please, combined to work out such a successful and gratifying result as we have seldom had the pleasure of recording in these pages. In the absence of Mr MacKellar, upon whom, by tacit consent, the duty has invariably devolved on previous occasions of this kind,—the onerous and responsible post of general director was undertaken by Mr Preshaw; and very ably and satisfactorily did he perform the work. The stage was tastefully decorated for the occasion, and the arrangements for the comfort and convenience of the various performers left little to be desired on that score. The first part of the entertainment comprised a number of vocal pieces,—solos and duets,—a recitation, instrumental selections by the Brass Band, and some practical illustrations of mesmerism and clairvoyance by "Professor Squash" and his son. The second part was devoted to the performance of the favourite farce, "Turn Him Out," which was introduced with a grand march played by the Band. Shortly after eight o'clock the curtain rose to the overture, at the conclusion of which

the members of the Band received a well-earned tribute of approbation. Next on the programme was a song, "The Officer's Funeral," but for this, by consent, Mr Todd substituted "Oft in the Silly Night,"—a very trying ordeal for a first appearance; nevertheless it was successful, and the singer evinced a degree of control over his voice which at once proved him to be a proficient in the art. The operatic duet, "Peace to thy Spirit," (Verdi), was well rendered by Mrs Rhind and Mrs Matthews; the voices harmonised pleasantly, the music was correctly sung, and the accompaniment was artistically played; but the effect was greatly marred in consequence of the piano being below concert-pitch, thus necessitating an unnatural depression of the voices to preserve unison with the tone of the instrument. The same unavoidable defect was noticeable throughout the concert, and all the vocalists laboured under equal disadvantages in this particular. Mr Jaggar's comic recitation, "The One-legged Goose," was well delivered, and created considerable mirth among the audience. "The Fairy Bells," sung by Mrs Matthews with taste and expression, was favourably received, and the accompaniment was very prettily and effectively played by Mrs Rhind. The Band gave the favourite air, "Love Not," in good style, and were warmly applauded. The next song, "Herz mein Herz," was sung by Mr Pretsch, who acquitted himself, as he always does, most creditably. Then followed the ever-popular duet, "The Gipsy Countess," by Mrs Rhind and Miss Brownlie, which was excellently sung and highly appreciated; the former lady's well-trained voice is peculiarly rich and melodious in the lower notes, and blended effectively with the clear, fresh treble of Miss Brownlie. The next to appear was Mr Robert Campbell, who gave that difficult song, "The Anchor's Weighed," in admirable style, although he was not at all prepared for it, having been called upon at the last moment to supply the place of a vocalist who failed to "show up." This was followed by "Kathleen Aroon," a simple yet beautiful melody, nicely sung by Miss Brownlie. After a lively dance-tune by the Band, Mr James Hurley appeared in one of his clever nigger songs, danced a plantation breakdown with marvellous agility, and finally brought down the house. An encore was persistently demanded, but the stage-manager was inexorable, and would allow no infringement of the rule he had laid down. Mrs Matthews, in "The Flowers of the Forest," was less effective than usual, but this was entirely owing to the unfavourable circumstance we have before referred to; the music was correctly rendered, and the enunciation admirably distinct, but the requisite power and expression could not be imparted. "The Bonnie Brier Bush" was well sung by Miss Brownlie, and this concluded the concert. Mrs Rhind, as accompanist, played brilliantly and skilfully, and contributed largely to the general success of the entertainment.

Professor Squash (Mr Moore) and son gave an amusing exhibition of an electro-biological kind, and also did some clever things in clairvoyance. Their efforts to amuse were well appreciated.

To give a detailed critique of the dramatic performance—the well-known farce "Turn Him Out"—is unnecessary; suffice it to say that the piece is admirably suitable for an amateur company, the various parts being evenly balanced, and none of the characters difficult to impersonate. The ladies and gentlemen who constituted the *dramatis personae* are deserving of the highest commendation for the excellence of their acting throughout, and it is not too much to say that the performance would have done credit even to a professional company. Mr Frazer, as Nicodemus Nobbs,—the low-comedy man of the piece,—was capitally got up, and acted the character vigorously and effectively. The part of Mr Mackintosh Moke was ably sustained by Mr Colclough, whose acting was natural and unconstrained, and his delivery fluent and agreeable. Mr Jolly, as Mr Eglantine Roseleaf, was faultlessly made-up; in fact he was so thoroughly metamorphosed that his most intimate friend would have failed to penetrate the disguise. The part was an unconventional one, but Mr Jolly portrayed it most efficiently and successfully. Miss Murray, as Julia, the injured wife, acted with becoming grace and dignity, and although she had but little scope for the display of dramatic talent, her delineation was careful and effective; indeed the part could scarcely have been better played. Miss Kelly performed the rôle of Susan, the pert maid-of-all-work, with the most consummate ability, and gave unmistakable proof of great natural talent for the histrionic art. The part suited her exactly, and she acted with a degree of ease and a display of vivacity that fairly surprised every one present. The curtain fell amidst loud and prolonged applause.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

### THE MORALITY OF BETTING.

To the Editor of the Cromwell Argus.

Sir,—Betting ran high at the mayoral contest here on the 21st instant. Losses and gains, on a scale of varying magnitudes from two to ten pounds, and even higher sums, ruled among the partisans on both sides. The bank-note stakes lost and won, however, were the smallest part of the evil involved in the reckless risks in question. Is it safe thus to jeopardise the morality of the town? Would not some of the tradespeople in Cromwell and elsewhere be glad to see some of the costs foolishly gambled away on the debtor side of their overdue accounts? Is it legal to bet on such issues? When the bettors

are brought face to face with British law, both are ruled out of Court: the winner has legally gained nothing, the loser has legally lost nothing, and both are compelled to fall back upon a code which for want of a more fitting name they call the law of honour; the bets lost are called debts of honour, and the last appeal of the winner for settlement is to the honour of the loser. To use the word "honour" in this connection is not merely the martyrdom but the outright murder of our splendid English language. Honour, forsooth! Whatever honour belongs to the betting fraternity in other relations in life, all the shreds of honour that can be claimed for them as bettors would not, if massed, be sufficient to sink the South Pacific; and it must be a powerful magnifier that could reveal it to honest men and give it a place among human virtues. The high heavens above, and the best part of the earth on which we live, have given their verdict on this gambling form of demoralisation—and what is that verdict? Here it is:—"Wide is this gate, broad is this way." Millions enter here; few return. Here are found the Palmers, the Redpaths, the Newcastles, and the Drapers; higher come the noblest and the meanest specimens of the human race; here the subtlest intellects are employed in cooking accounts, forgeries, and other contrivances to meet accruing risks and broken fortunes. Paupers' graves are here, gaols and gibbets, and many other forms of human ruin. And the evils that end here must begin somewhere, and may begin with betting on the event of an election. A man loses a bet to-day, he must find a way of keeping up his honour to-morrow: all night his wits are at work trying to find out that way. Then comes the temptation; the resistance is sharp but short. At that point he and peace part company; he never knows refreshing repose after; a mist and great darkness trouble all his after life.

It is said that one, if not both, of the candidates for mayoral honours had stakes upon the result. Is that true? If so, it was disgraceful. We know and even expect that prizefighters should back their skill for inflicting and enduring brute violence; but for the highest forms of British citizenship to descend to the lowest practices of the prize-ring, is a mockery to the somewhat thin layer of patriotism still left to us. If betting on the event of an election does not come within the provisions of the Bribery Act, it must be included in the corruption clauses, for the simple reason that it is corrupt and corrupting. It is well known that there are families in the town that hold and control a number of votes sufficient to decide any closely-contested election. They can bet any way and to any amount with safety, and when all is over can pocket their cash and their honour, and wait for future chances.

I can only point out the disease: for the remedy we must wait. Meanwhile, let it be known to all that Fortune's favours in the betting line are sickled over with that which is deadly poison to moral health.

Yours, &c.,

CROMWELL.

### A SEQUEL TO RATEPAYER.

To the Editor of the Cromwell Argus.

Sir,—*"Ratepayer"* confesses to a feeling of surprise and dismay at the result of the Mayoral election reported in your last issue; and as both sides are open to attack, and capable of defence, I will with your permission add a sequel to the strictures referred to in the letter of 22nd inst.

*"Ratepayer"* says he was dismayed at the result of the poll; but he ought to have known that he had his dismay all to himself—he was alone in his unfortunate feeling. None but himself ever supposed that the Bridge would fall or Mount Pisa raise its white head in consternation because Mr Frazer was not at the head of the poll. The feeling of surprise was common to both parties and both candidates, for opposite reasons and in widely different degrees. The Returning Officer sprang a mine of surprise to the whole crowd who heard him, and no surprise is ever so fluctuating to the nerves as when it shakes the pockets and gives wings to a golly number of bank notes. Perhaps *"Ratepayer"* had a stake at issue with the other honourable members of the ring.

*"Ratepayer"* goes on to say we have had enough of Mr Frazer's vainglory. I doubt it. The Cromwell market has long been stocked with that article, but still the demand is equal to the supply: our appetite for whisky and vainglory grows with what it feeds itself upon, but is never satisfied.

*"Ratepayer"* speaks of the time when Cromwell was a laughing-stock, and hints that this may come over again. If Mr Marsh is our Mayor such a thing may happen; but all the probabilities are on the other side. I would ask *"Ratepayer"* which is the most laughable—a Mayor sitting in the Corporation with rough, blunt, unprejudiced integrity, blundering by mistake sometimes, but in the main right; and always meaning well; or a Mayor strutting along our streets which are too narrow for him, and carrying his head aloft with an air of overshadowing porosity, exacting official homage such as the first city in Europe would scorn to render, and the first Mayor in the world would not be mean enough to accept.

*"Ratepayer"* says measures, not men, are to be sought after—or he means that. But what are measures without men? how are they to be separated and viewed apart? How would *"Ratepayer"* punish thieving without a thief, cheating without a swindler, or drunkenness without a drinker? It would be just as sensible to dismiss besun and wait for bright days without it. No, it is men we want, and when we have found sensible, suitable men, good measures will follow as a natural and necessary consequence. They must go together, and measures will always bear the stamp of the mind which originated them, as truly as the sovereign bears the impress of the Royal Mint that coined it.

*"Ratepayer"* complains that Mr Marsh has the prospect of fronting others who have a show of talent and education. It is this show that has given Mr Marsh all the advantages he possesses. But where do any of us take our degrees? under what famous professor did we study? where did we receive our certificate of scholarship; the show is about all we have, and that came of the dame school for the most part. But a living bull is better than a stuffed one: the former may be turned to some account in the free trade butchering, but the latter is fit only for show. Mr Marsh is on a level with the people whom he seeks to represent. A satin refinement would be out of place in a chief citizen who is called to rule over a few

iron huts standing in a dusty slope, bathed in fog one half the year, and the other half baptized in dust.

*"Ratepayer"* says Mr Marsh has lined his own nest. Has he done this? Then all honour to him! for whose nest should he line if not his own? If Mr Marsh has managed his own business with such skill and economy as to be successful as a private citizen, is that a fact to tell for or against him being put into a position of public service? Is a discharge from the Bankruptcy Court to hold as the first and best qualification for public honours? If the logic of *"Ratepayer"* tells any way, it tells all to Mr Marsh's account. When patriotism shall take the place of personal feelings at our elections, private success will be the safest criterion and surest guide in the choice of a candidate for a position of public trust.

He asks also, is Mr Marsh a fit and proper person to be put on the Commission of the Peace? Now what is implied in being a J.P. in Cromwell? Have we any Tichborne claims to adjust, any murders, rapes, or treasons to be dealt with? What points of law have we to decide? Two drunkards fined five shillings, and a third discharged with a caution, is about the extent of the judicial service required of our local magistrates. The honour is something,—in itself it is all; but that is not much to be made a fuss about: an officer who goes the length of passing sentence on three unfortunates with a craze for drink can hardly be rated very high.

*"Ratepayer"* says Mr Marsh, when ruffled, is cantankerous; but what is this without saying he has a temper, and if you rile him he will show it? Is not this true with the best of us? Mr Marsh is not a hesterfeld in manners or saint in morals, but he has the sense to see this, and the manliness not to take to himself the credit of what he is not. He knows—no man better—that after following Mammon all the week, a psalm and a sacrament on the Sunday will not put him right. He has many faults, but he has the merit of knowing them and not taking much trouble to conceal them, and is far from wishing to gild them over and label them as virtues. There is no doubt but Mr Marsh will be chosen as Mayor, and, taken for all in all, I don't see we could do better.—I am, &c.,

FAIR PLAY.

### MINING ON PRIVATE PROPERTY AT CARDRONA.

To the Editor of the Cromwell Argus.

Sir,—Will you allow me through the medium of your journal to draw the attention of the mining community to a case tried at Queenstown last Thursday before Judge Gray, which deeply concerns their interests—viz., the case of *Cotter v. Russell* and others, Cardrona. There has been much previous litigation on the same matter, and also arbitration. A verdict was given for plaintiff for £35, with costs £25. If the law admits of such monstrous extortion the sooner it is altered the better. The following are the principal features of the case, and also of the evidence brought forward.

The plaintiff charged defendants with robbing the soil of its natural moisture, with abstracting his gold to the value of £150, and with having trespassed. Judgment was given against defendants on the last count only. The trespass was committed through a drive outside the leased land, and at a depth of seventy or eighty feet from the surface; soil drive passing underneath a corner of plaintiff's leasehold. The defendants proved that they had secured the drive so that no damage could have occurred from the ground caving in, and this was not denied by the plaintiff. The other four counts included drainage of moisture, injury to crops then growing, digging gold out of his land, and converting same to their use.

One of the defendants (Caley), suborned by the plaintiff, proved that the party of defendants had permission from Hodson and party to continue the drive, and he also proved the sinking of the shaft (almost dry) to a depth of 80 feet at the corner of Cotter's lease. Ralph Halliday, one of Hodson's party, confirmed Caley's evidence, and declared that no damage had been done in any respect. His party had trusted to an authority from Mr Warden Stratford to enter and prospect for gold, by which they were allowed to break the surface; but that they might not damage the land in any way, they had driven from outside the boundary of the lease underneath it. Mr Warden Stratford stated he had an authority under telegram from his Honour the Superintendent to allow an entry into the ground for the purpose of prospecting for gold.

Mr Mackin, for the plaintiff, one of the arbitrators in the late arbitration case, was cross-examined by Mr Dalton. He was asked several questions with the view of eliciting the grounds on which he based the ridiculous award of £35. The witness appealed to the Judge, and his Honor stated he had no power to force answers to the questions put. The witness showed a general unwillingness to answer anything. But it seems Mr Cotter did not inform the arbitrators of the fact that he had a portion of Crown Lands fenced in, nor that two of his fences were on the Crown land. The arbitrators sunk one hole to the paltry depth of two feet, to test the nature of the ground; and as they found no gravel they reckoned that was a suitable place, and tested no further.

John Quin gave evidence of a scientific nature. His testimony was to the effect that he had resided on the Arrow during the time the damage was committed as alleged by plaintiff, and he had resided on the Arrow for the last four years.

Mr Paterson, J.P., farmer, Arrow, when on a visit to Cardrona, was called to inspect the land in question. He saw where there had been a crop tried to be cut, but finally left. It was a poor, dry soil, and in dry seasons grass would not grow on it—not even a *decent tussock*. He thought £2 was ample price for such land. The water in the drive could make no difference to the crops.

Mr Timothy Cotter stated injury had been done to his crops, but could not fix dates of such injury. He told his arbitrator, Mr Mackin, to get £500, or keep his holding.

For the defence, Thomas Russell corroborated the evidence of Caley and Halliday. He also explained more fully the state of the workings, and depths of shafts; and showed how small was the actual amount of damage done to the plaintiff.

Comment on the case is needless.—I am, &c.,

OBSERVER.

Cardrona, July 26, 1873.



## MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

## THE MAYORAL ELECTION.

An emergency meeting of this Council was held in the Town-hall on Thursday, the 24th inst. The Mayor and all the members were present. Cr. Marsh was appointed Town-Clerk *pro re nata*.

The Mayor stated that in reply to a telegram sent to the Provincial Solicitor by the Town-Clerk, (asking for advice as to proper mode of procedure to be adopted in reference to the Mayoral election,) the following letter had been received from Mr Turton:—

"Cannot advise. Consult legal adviser of your Corporation."

The following letter was read from Mr F. J. Wilson, solicitor:—

"Messrs Marsh and Dawkins.

"Gentlemen,—In reply to your questions respecting the position of the Mayoral election for Cromwell, I have to advise as follows:—

"The provision of the law in Otago respecting contested Municipal elections appears to be unique in that it does not allow of a casting vote. In political elections, under the Municipal Act of 1867, and the Otago Roads Ordinance, a casting vote is allowed; therefore these laws are no guide as to principle.

"Originally, there was no provision at all in the Otago Municipal law for the contingency arising upon a tie; an accident which did I believe arise once. Thereupon, the Amending Ordinance of 1870 was passed, which provides that in the event of a tie, neither candidate shall be deemed to have been elected, but as soon thereafter as conveniently may be a fresh election shall take place, as provided by the 30th section of the Ordinance of 1865.

"Neither this section nor the interpretation clause throws any light on what is meant by the word 'election.' It therefore becomes necessary to consider its meaning from the tenor of the whole law, and the force of the word itself. Upon this I am of opinion that the words 'a fresh election' mean that the whole matter must be gone over again, beginning with a new advertisement or notice for nominations. The nomination, poll, declaration, &c., are each and all required in the event of a contested election, and together make an 'election,' and are each and all (in case of contest) required for 'a fresh election.'"

"I believe some of the Council lay stress upon these words in the 30th section, viz.—'every act necessary for the completion of such election may be done,' &c., as meaning that is only necessary to hold another poll. I do not so read them, but think they only words of indemnity required to follow on the earlier part of the section.

"I recommend, therefore, that proper notice be forthwith given of time and place for a new nomination.—Your obedient servant,

"F. J. WILSON.

"Cromwell, 24th July, 1873."

The Council resolved to act upon the advice of Mr Wilson; and it was moved by Cr. Wright, seconded by Cr. Grant, and agreed to—

"That the nomination for the office of Mayor take place on Thursday, the 31st July current and the election, (if necessary) on Wednesday, 6th August."

Cr. Dawkins was appointed Returning Officer.

## RESIGNATION OF THE TOWN-CLERK.

A letter was received from H. W. Smythies, tendering his resignation as Town-Clerk.

It was resolved—

"That Mr Smythies' resignation be accepted as dating from 31st July current, on condition that all books, documents, and papers in his possession shall be certified by the Auditors as correct, and that all property belonging to the Corporation be handed over to the Council on the date above mentioned: Mr Smythies to be informed of the passing of this resolution."

## MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

The nomination of Councillors to serve for the ensuing two years, and of Auditors for the ensuing twelve months, took place in the Town-hall at noon on Thursday, the 24th inst. The Mayor presided; and in the absence of the Town Clerk, he opened and read the nomination papers in the order following:—

## BRIDGE WARD.

Mr ISAAC WRIGHT, proposed by Mr D. A. Jolly, seconded by Mr W. H. Whetter.

Mr G. M. STARKEY, proposed by Mr James Scott, seconded by Mr E. Murrell.

## KAWARAU WARD.

Mr WILLIAM SHANLY, proposed by Mr R. Kidd, and seconded by Mr W. Taylor.

## MACANDREW WARD.

Mr OWEN PIERCE, proposed by Mr J. P. Taylor, seconded by Mr J. B. Lake.

Mr JOHN TOWAN, proposed by Mr Isaac Wright, seconded by Mr C. F. Johnson.

Mr JOHN HAYES, proposed by Mr John E. Beattie, seconded by Mr W. Todd.

## AUDITORS.

Mr JOHN ALLAN PRESHAW, and Mr CHARLES COLCLOUGH, proposed by Mr James Taylor, seconded by Mr Robert Brown.

For Kawarau Ward, there being but one candidate for the vacant Councillorship, Mr William Shanly was declared duly elected.

Messrs Preshaw and Colclough were declared re-elected as Corporation Auditors.

The Presiding Officer intimated that in the case of Bridge Ward, for which one Councillor was required and two persons had been nominated, the election would be decided by the votes of the ratepayers on Friday, the 1st of August. For Macandrew Ward two Councillors were required, and there being three nominations, the election would also be decided on the 1st of August.

Mr Shanly expressed his thanks to the ratepayers of Kawarau Ward for returning him unopposed. He promised to do his very best for the interests of the town, and assured the citizens they would have no reason to regret having elected him. (Applause.)

Mr Hayes said he had been asked by a number of the ratepayers to stand for Macandrew Ward. He had agreed to do so; and if returned, he would do the best in his power to forward the interests of the town and district. (Applause.)

Mr Pierce said he had been asked by a number of the ratepayers to stand for Macandrew Ward, and had consented. If elected, he would do all he possibly could to forward the interests of the town and district. (Applause.)

Mr Towan said that having been asked by a number of citizens to stand for Macandrew Ward, he acceded; and he would only say that if elected he would do all in his power for the benefit of the town, more especially in the matter of water supply, which he thought was a very important matter. (Applause.)

Mr Starkey said that some might think it strange of him, who had been so short a time resident in the town, coming forward as a candidate for the Council. But he would remind them that he had been in the district for a long period, and had had ample opportunities of becoming acquainted with its requirements. If elected, he would do all he could to merit the approval and advance the interests of the ratepayers. (Applause.)—In reply to Mr Matthews, the candidate said he had not yet made up his mind on the question of water-supply; but when the matter came before the Council he would, if returned, give it his best consideration.

[Mr Wright was not present at the nomination.]

The proceedings connected with the nomination being concluded, some remarks that fell from the Mayor gave rise to a short discussion as to the

## STATE OF THE CORPORATION BOOKS.

The Mayor wished to say, in reference to the statements made by Councillor Marsh at his meeting on the 14th inst., that the Auditors possessed powers co-equal with the Council: the latter had no control over the former.

Mr Colclough (one of the Auditors) said it might appear from Cr. Marsh's statements that the Auditors had not performed their duties satisfactorily. He wished to disabuse the minds of the citizens of any such impression. The Auditors had not yet been presented with the books to enable them to make the half-yearly audit to 30th June last, and Cr. Marsh's statements had reference to the period between 31st December and 30th June.

Mr Preshaw (the other Auditor) explained that as Mr Colclough and himself had not seen the books since 31st December last, they had not had any opportunity of expressing an opinion as to the manner in which they had been kept since that date. The ratepayers, however, might depend upon it the Auditors would do their duty.

Cr. Marsh said that he had no intention to blame the Auditors. What he found fault with was that the Finance Committee of the Council had not carried out the Auditors' suggestions.

The Mayor said the Finance Committee had carried out the recommendations of the Auditors, and were not to blame for dereliction of duty. Until the Auditors had gone through the books, (which they would probably be enabled to do within a couple of days,) no one was in a position to say that the books were improperly kept.

After some further discussion of a somewhat personal nature,

Mr Shanly proposed a vote of thanks to the Mayor for presiding; and the meeting then dispersed.

## BANNOCKBURN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

July 26, 1873.

Our representative, Mr MacKellar, seems to be making himself heard in the Provincial Council, on several matters of local requirement. Amongst other things, I see he has presented our petition for commonage, and the matter has been referred to the favourable consideration of the Government. How long it will rest there, unless the memory of the Government be rubbed up, it is impossible to say. One thing is certain—the late Government tried all they could to shirk the matter; and as the principal members of it are in the present Executive, there is reason to believe they will want looking after. It is to be hoped the promoters of the petition will follow the matter up now that they have gone so far.

I think we have every reason to be satisfied at last with the district's representative in the Provincial Council. With an energetic member such as Mr MacKellar is proving himself to be, and the assistance of the member for the Dunstan, whose interests are to a great extent identical with ours, the wants of this district stand a fair chance of receiving due attention.

The post-office at Mr Halliday's Shepherd's Creek Hotel has, I am informed, been abolished, and the one at Quartzville will now do duty for the whole of the district. The change will cause little or no inconvenience. A few may have to walk half a mile further or so, but that is all.

I notice that Mr Oliver, M.P.C. for Mount Ida, has forwarded to the Miners' Association at that place a guinea, with a request to become a member of the Association,—an example that might be followed here by our storekeepers, bankers, &c. Their names would not only be an ornament to the books, but their subscriptions would I have no doubt, prove exceedingly acceptable.

Mr Stafford is reported to be seriously indisposed.

## DUNEDIN NOTES.

By O.P.Q.

The *Guardian* made its appearance at our breakfast tables on Wednesday morning, and has been very cordially received by the public generally. Its proprietary is a most extensive one, shares in the venture being held by all classes of the community; and in this the directors have certainly adopted a policy calculated to make the paper a success. Most of the business people of the city being numbered amongst its shareholders, it now only remains for the literary department to be well conducted to ensure its commanding the confidence and support of the public. There are of course many defects observable in its first issues, but these were only to be expected until everything has been got into smooth working order. £15,000 or £16,000 of the capital have been already subscribed for, and the remainder of the shares in the company are, I believe, being rapidly disposed of. It is the intention of the directory to spare neither trouble nor money in the endeavour to make the *Guardian* a first-class journal; and the support which has been already accorded it argues well for its future; although it might at the same time be as well to say that it has evidently been started rather hastily so far as practical arrangements are concerned. The staff of composers is anything but equal to the task of bringing out the paper, the type is too large, and the paper on which it is printed is wretchedly poor in quality. It would certainly have been better to have waited a month or two longer, and had everything in proper order for making a fair start. However, these are defects which time will remedy.

Accidents never seem to come singly. No sooner had the remains of the poor fellow who was run over on the Port Chalmers Railway line been interred, than another fatality occurred near the foot of Union-street, Dunedin. There is an old bridge over the Water of Leith near the locality in question, which was formerly used by the prisoners in connection with quarrying operations carried on there some time since; and while crossing this bridge on Monday night, a man named McLeod, in an endeavour to save his hat, which had blown off, fell into the stream, and was drowned. The water is generally pretty deep at this spot, and at the time of the accident it was much deeper than usual, owing to the long-continued rain which had been falling previously. The evidence adduced at the inquest was contradictory as to the man's sobriety, but it is presumed that he was the worse for liquor.

The motion of Mr MacKellar in connection with the railway for Cromwell comes on for consideration in the Provincial Council to-night, and in conversations I have had with one or two of our members, I have been informed that there is every prospect of it being carried. If so, it will not be such a very long time before Cromwell is connected by rail with the capital of the Province.

Mr J. L. Gillies has been elected by the Waikouaiti constituency as their member in the House of Representatives by a very large majority over his opponent Mr Pratt, the Mayor of Waikouaiti. Mr Pratt polled a considerable majority in Waikouaiti proper, but at Palmerston and Merton Mr Gillies's majority was very large. This might have been expected, as during the contest for the Superintendency Mr Gillies polled larger numbers than Mr Macandrew at those places.

The coming City Council elections are now exercising the good people of the city. There is no lack of candidates anxious for Municipal honours, and among the number is our own late Mayor, Mr Fish, who announces himself as a candidate for South Ward, for which his election is certain. Whatever may be said of his extreme humbleness, it must certainly be admitted that he filled the civic chair during his long term of office with the utmost credit to himself, and to the satisfaction of all friends and foes. This is conceded by all. Should our new Mayor, Mr Mercer, be able to retire from office next year with as high encomiums as have been passed upon Mr Fish's able administration of his municipal duties, the ratepayers will have every reason to be glad of their selection.

## BENDIGO.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

July 22, 1873.

"A great deal depends on the weather," is a very old saying, but one has to follow the avocation of gold-digging in Otago to fully realise its meaning. The question of work or no work is often summarily settled up here by the Clerk of the Weather. Just now it is no work. Frost has a tight grip of the water-supply, and the stock of snow for summer requirements is very slowly augmenting; it is now, and has been for the past week, falling at intervals, but in such light showers as to be practically of little use. There appears to be something radically wrong in the meteorological department; all past experience is at fault, and weather prophets have fallen sadly into disrepute. However, all things have an ending,—even bad weather; so we will hope that better days

"Lark beneath the Winter's shroud."

In consequence of the existence of the above state of things, there is little change to report in mining matters generally. The Aurora tributaries have placed some additional hands at work in the mine, and intend evidently to try and pull up leeway in the Spring. The frost prevents any repairs being made in the race, consequently the mill remains idle.

The Cromwell Company are driving on with their accustomed energy,—raising stone,

which still keeps up its rich appearance; so that the coming "big cake," heretofore described as "a stunner," is likely to prove a certainty. The ten head of stampers are still at work, King Frost's dominion hardly extending to the low level at which the mill situated.

As a proof of the past and present scarcity of water for mill purposes here, Mr W. Anderson has been unable to get his reef tested. The trial crushing of thirty tons has been lying for six months in the immediate neighbourhood of two of our mills, and the desired test is apparently as far off as ever. Ordinary prospectors would have "caved in" long ago, but the miner in question does not appear to be one of that sort, and I trust his pluck will be rewarded.

The completion of the Lucknow tunnel is now to be let by contract. I cannot see that this will make the work any cheaper for the Company. The men engaged at it latterly worked well, and if contractors can do more, then they are gluttons. The extreme hardness of the driving is an unpleasantly established fact, which no amount of diplomacy can controvert. I would recommend a trial of "dynamite" or nitro-glycerine in place of the ordinary blasting powder hitherto used. These explosives are extensively used in Victorian and Californian mines, and why not here?

The old Morning Star claim, abutting on Logan's, has been taken up by Mr Mitchinson, of Bendigo; and doubtless he knows what he is about. A trial crushing from this claim, principally of surface stone, yielded 7 dwts. per ton about 12 months ago, and upon one occasion I believe Mr Logan paid £70 for a share in it; so that its antecedents at any rate will warrant further trial.

Without any great exercise of sagacity, it will be inferred from my leading remarks that slicing here is at present a dead letter; and so it is. Therefore I say nothing on that head.

I presume our legislators are by this time "in Parliament assembled" at Wellington, and I wonder how the great (?) Gold-field Bill, the bantling incubated with so much cackling and labour by Messrs Shepherd and Co., will fare on its presentation. I am afraid its greatest friends, after looking critically at it, will not conscientiously be able to pronounce it first-rate. *Nous verrons*. I forgot two things in my "Notes on the Bill," and these are, Mining Boards and "discretionary power." I believe the institution of the one, and abolition of the other, will be two long strides toward improvement. But is the latter abolished? The section relating to Wardens is silent on the subject, leaving its readers, as usual, to draw an inference; and this in legal matters is generally an unsafe proceeding. Let it be put down in black and white that the "nasty thing" has been cast out for ever, and we shall know how to proceed. True, we have and always had the license, under certain restrictions, to appeal, but poor men have not as a rule the wherewithal to indulge in the expensive luxury of testing the correctness of a Warden's decision given a *discretion*; and besides, such power opens the door for abuse. If Mining Boards are instituted, properly officered, and earnestly and intelligently conducted, our Gold-fields Regulations will in time become as easy of comprehension and as workable as those of Messrs Shepherd and Co. are not.

A great deal has been said about greater security of tenure being conferred by some of the clauses of the Bill. It may be stupidity on my part, but I fail to see that in this matter there is any improvement on the old regulations,—in which there is in reality no security of tenure for the miner. The Crown gives and the Crown can take away. "Rights" are dangled before one's eyes like a bunch of carrots before a donkey's nose, and when put to the test are found to be merely "titles," and no rights "at all, at all," as Darby Dodge expressed it.

It may not be out of place, at this juncture, to once more advert to the necessity existing for a reduction of the iniquitous dog tax. If the Utopian idea of this Colony becoming the Britain of the South is ever to be realized, we should try and follow its good example as far as Antipodean peculiarities will admit. In the year 1871, 1,123,023 dogs were paid for in Great Britain at the reduced license of 5s., and the tax produced £280,750. When it was an assessed tax at 12s., there never were more in one year than 440,000 dogs charged, and the highest net receipts were £231,630. "Facts are stubborn things," and with this piece of proverbial philosophy, I recommend the above to the attention of our law-makers.

At the Auckland Police Court on Monday, H. W. Bond charged T. W. Bush, manager for Madame Cora, with assaulting him in the Prince of Wales Theatre, by taking him by the coat and throwing him down stairs. It appears complainant was smoking during the performance, and was thrust out of the entertainment in consequence. Defendant proved that he remonstrated with him without effect, and notices respecting smoking were posted up in the hall. The bench dismissed the case.

*Holloway's Pills* are admirably adapted for curing diseases incidental to females. At various periods of life women are subject to complaints which require a peculiar medicine; and it is now a demonstrable fact that there is none so suitable as *Holloway's Pills*. For all the debilitating disorders incidental to the sex, and in every contingency perilous to the life and health of woman—youthful or aged, married or single—this great regulator and renovator of the nervous system is an immediate cure. Their purifying qualities render them invaluable to females at all ages. They are searching and cleansing, yet invigorating; a few doses will speedily remove every species of irregularity in the system, and thereby establish health on a sound and firm basis.

## MISCELLANEA.

In a series of games of pyramids between W. Cook, the champion, and Joseph Bennett, Cook, in one of the games, put down the whole fifteen balls in succession.

An English paper says it is the intention of Sir Joseph Hawley to sell nearly the whole of his valuable stud of racehorses by auction shortly. The only reserve will be made in the case of Rosicrucian, whose reserve price is 5000 guineas.

The following concerning dress and colour will be valuable to those wishing to dress for photographs:—1st. Dark brown, dark green, maroon, and plain black goods, without gloss, will take a rich black colour. 2nd. Silks of the same colour will take considerably lighter. 3rd. Snuff brown, dark leather, dark drab, scarlet, cherry, dark orange, crimson, and slate will take very rich drab colour. 4th. Violet, blue, purple, pink, and magenta will take very light, and should be avoided in dressing for photographs. 5th. The hair should never be wet or glossy.

A country paper has been informed that a gentleman who owns a run near to Athol, recently purchased a tract of land under the Southland Free Selection Land Laws. A portion of the ground is auriferous, and upon which are parties of Chinese paying £4 a month, and other parties who have paid £12 for being permitted to mine for 200 yards along the banks of the creek. If the system of free selection be introduced in Otago, this is a specimen of what the mining population may expect. In the immediate neighbourhood, another runholder has taken up 640 acres within the Nokomai gold-fields, a portion of which also is said to be auriferous.

Sufferers from rheumatism may benefit from the following extract of a letter sent to the *Alexandra (Victoria) Times* by Mr John Barker, of Thornton:—"In the month of May last year, I was suddenly seized with a most painful and acute attack of rheumatism. I tried the usual medicines without effect. It was suggested to me that I should try a bath in the lime and sulphur solution, as prepared for scabby sheep, as it was believed one or two baths would completely remove all my pains. I had a bath in the lime and sulphur solution in a squatter's sheep-dip, and I felt the pain leave me while in the dip. I had a second bath in the course of a few days thereafter, and since then I never felt a twinge of rheumatic pains."

In a private letter received by a reader of the *Auckland Star* from a tailor in London, the following pathetic passage occurs:—"The winter has been a very dreary one; work has been extremely scarce; but the spring buds are bursting ground, and a few gleams of sunshine occasionally appear. Beef is a shilling a pound; mutton, elevenpence-halfpenny; potatoes, twopenny, and diseased at that price; and as for cabbage, the London tailor can get none; and goose, even at Michaelmas, is beyond the reach of poor snip. There has been a great meeting at Exeter Hall, where some of the speakers spoke of New Zealand as a perennial paradise. Of course there are no poor tailors in your city?" The letter is dated 9th April, 1873.

The *Fliegende Batten* (Munich) has the following amusing satire on the position of promoters, directors, and shareholders of the limited liability companies:—"Jack: I say, Jim, let's form a limited company for the acquisition and utilisation of a cigar. Half the capital is subscribed already—here's a penny! Jim: All right, Jack. The remainder of the shares are taken—there's my penny. Jack buys the cigar, and puffs away at it. Jim: Now then, Jack, let me have my pull at it. Jack: Don't you be in a hurry for that. Didn't I propose the speculation, my lad? I'm the projector and director. I manage and work the concern. I smoke. You are the shareholder. If you think I get too much of a pull out of it, do the coughing and spitting, if you like—I don't mind."

An adventure with a shark is thus described in the *Fiji Times*:—"Our informant tells us that he was coming over from Goro in an open boat, on the 8th inst., and when nearing Wakaya the frail craft was attacked by an immense shark. The boat was first struck somewhat violently, which made him think she had touched some coral patch, but he was soon undeceived, for on looking down into the water he saw the monster of the deep about to renew the attack. The boat-hook was at once called into requisition for purposes of defence, and a combat ensued. The shark renewed its attacks, and each time was violently assaulted with the hook, until the last time the hook was driven with such force as to cause the fish to beat a retreat. There was a lady in the boat at the time, and the horror of her position may be better imagined than described."

Speaking of inhuman mothers in Auckland, who bring up their children to vice and crime, the *Herald* says:—"A short time since one of these miserable mothers was found, with three young children living with her, in the midst of debauchery and filth. The children, grimed with dirt, dishevelled and half-clad, were a deplorable sight. Two of them have since died. It is a fearful thing, in a Christian country, to be forced to feel their death a mercy to themselves and a blessing to the community. We are told that there is in Freeman's Bay an old dilapidated building, windowless and exposed to all weathers, in which numbers of these creatures and their families seek a wretched shelter. There they live in a state of promiscuous savagery, the parents seeking the means of drunkenness by the lowest and most miserable calling, while the children are sent out to beg or to steal. Debased in the present, and hopeless in the future, what can these poor children, as they grow up, become?"

## Mr MacKellar and the Honorarium.

(Daily Times, July 18.)

The annual discussion regarding the honorarium to members took place in the Provincial Council last evening. As compared with former years, the discussion possessed but one merit, and that of a negative character, viz., that it was not quite so long. So far as it went, however, the debate was as foolish as it always is. There was the same feeble attempts at wit, and the same indignant denials of being dependent upon the money in question. There were, too, as usual, only one or two speeches that deserve exception from the general condemnation. Mr MacKellar, for instance, said that during his electoral canvass he had found the opinion generally expressed that if the districts elected good representatives, the latter were deserving of the honorarium; while if the districts returned unworthy representatives, it was their own fault if the honorarium fell to the lot of those who did not deserve it. Mr MacKellar also administered a much-needed reproof to the Council for spending so much time in discussing the Estimates. Three hours, he said, had been spent in passing sixteen items, and the Councillors might exert themselves to much greater advantage, and receive much greater credit, if they would despatch the business and dispense with the talking. It is to be hoped that hon. members will follow this advice during the remainder of the present session, and that in future sessions we shall have no more of those useless debates, which have become intolerably nauseous. If, as was said by another member last night, any members are so well off that they have scruples about taking their honorariums, they can hand them over to some charitable institution. And this reminds us that Mr Shand lately expressed his willingness to sit for a whole year without any honorarium, or to hand over the money, if received, to the Benevolent Institution. Seeing, therefore, that he acquiesced in the passing of the honorarium last evening, he may be fairly expected to dispose of the sum accruing to him by giving it to the Institution named, the Collector of which will do well to jog Mr Shand's memory at the close of the session.

## The Science of Kissing.

People will kiss, yet not one in a hundred know how to extract bliss from lovely lips, any more than they know how to make diamonds from charcoal. And yet it is easy, at least to us. First know whom you are going to kiss. Don't make a mistake, although a mistake may be good. Don't jump like a trout for a fly, and smack a good woman on the neck, on the ear, on the corner of her forehead, on the end of her nose, or knock off her waterfall. The gentleman should be a little the taller. He should have a clean face, a kind eye, and a mouth full of expression. Don't kiss everybody. Don't sit down to it; stand up. Need not be anxious about getting in a crowd. Two persons are plenty to corner, and catch a kiss; more persons would spoil the sport. Take the left hand of the lady in your right; let your hat go to—any place out of the way; throw the left hand gently over the shoulder of the lady, and let it fall down the right side towards the belt. Don't be in a hurry; draw her gently, lovingly to your heart. Her head will fall lightly on your shoulder, and a handsome shoulder-strap it makes. Don't be in a hurry; send a little life down your left arm. Her left hand is in your right; let there be an impression to that, not like the grip of a vice, but a gentle clasp, full of electricity, thought, and respect. Don't be in a hurry. Her head lies carelessly on your shoulder. You are nearly heart to heart. Look down into her half-closed eyes. Gently, yet manfully press her to your bosom. Stand firm. Be brave, but don't be in a hurry. Her lips are almost open. Lean slightly forward with your head, not with your body. Take good aim; the lips meet; the eyes close; the heart opens; the soul rides the storms, troubles, and sorrows of life (don't be in a hurry); heaven opens before you; the world shoots under your feet, as a meteor flashes across the evening sky (don't be afraid); the nerves dance before the just-erected altar of love, as the zephyrs dance with the dew-trimmed flowers; the heart forgets its bitterness and the art of kissing is learned. No fuss, no noise, no fluttering. Kissing don't hurt; it don't require a brass band to make it legal.—*American Paper*.

## A Caution to Candidates.

An ex-municipal councillor thus humorously relates his Gipsy Land official experience to the *Miner*:—"Some years ago I was a well-to-do tradesman in a general store, and had my family very comfortably kept. When I had put up my shutters for the night I revelled in domestic blessedness of 'home, sweet home.' My wife was happy and content, and no ambitious dreams of greatness disturbed my serenity. I sold my pots, kettles, soap, and pickled herrings in peace and profit, and was happy in my little way, and found existence sweet, until one fatal day a requisition was sent to me to become a candidate for the Council. I consulted my wife. She urged me to stand, as it was all I wanted to give me a status. The title of Mr Councillor was an introduction to any society, and who knew but what I might become a mayor and herself a mayoress. I was to think of that. Besides, I had talent. Look how I had spoken at tea-fights—almost as good as a minister. I consented, and was returned. From that moment my history commenced. One clique of councillors made a tool of me,

and another a butt of me. The Town Clerk pulled me like a puppet, and the press made public my ignorance, which I might have kept concealed had I not in my blind infatuation emerged from that obscurity which so well became me. The Municipal Act to me was a wilderness of words in which I became bewildered and lost, and the way I construed its clauses provoked the jeers and jibes of my opponents. I was not slow in resenting. I would have been sarcastic had I the wit, but having it not, I showed my temper, and any man possessing one of ordinary warmth won't be long in a municipal council without his little points cropping out. I got personal in my remarks. The retorts I evoked generally soothed me, and instead of getting the honour and respect I anticipated, I got nothing but contumely and derision. My wife was harder on me than my opponents. What was I thinking about to let men like those ridicule me? I had even grown snarler in her eyes. I must redeem myself at any cost. Determined then, next night I went to the Council. There was a debate about cutting a gutter. Alderman Jones said I wanted to improve my property at the expense of the corporation. I replied that Jones's great grandmother was not lawfully married. He retorted that he never was a shop-boy and robbed his employer's till of half-a-crown. He moved that the words of the mendacious miscreant be taken down. I was struck for damages in both actions—for slander and assault. My customers deserted me. My wife upbraided. The public derided me, and the bank squashed me. My unchristian resignation followed, and the sands of my (public) life ran out."

## A Practical Joke Severely Punished.

An old coal dealer who had made a great deal of money by retailing coals, and living in a very penurious way, conceiving that he had at last sufficient to enable him to leave off business, and live like a gentleman, built himself a neat villa in the country, to which he retired. But such is the force of habit, that (to the great annoyance of his family, who wished him to "sink the shop") he was always unhappy unless in the cellar measuring his own coals. Among others who had often expostulated with him on the impropriety of so doing, was a favourite nephew, to whom he had given a good education, and supported in the first style.

One morning, walking in his garden with his nephew, he said to him, "Henry, I want a motto, or something of that kind, to put up in front of my house; but I don't like your Grove House,—Prospect-place,—this Villa, and t'other Lodge. Come, you are a scholar, give me one, and let it be in Latin."

"Well," replied the nephew, "what think you of—'Thus is industry rewarded'?"

"The very thing," says the uncle, "if you'll only put it into Latin."

The nephew then, taking out a pencil, wrote on a slip of paper, *Otium sine dignitate* (Ease without dignity), which he gave to his uncle, who read it thus—*Hotum sinne dignitat*.

"Ay, Henry," said the old man, "that'll do famously."

The next day, he sent for a painter, who happened to know as little of the dead language as himself, and the words were painted in large characters on a conspicuous part of the house.

On the Sunday following, he happened to have a large party; and, after dinner, as the company were strolling about the garden to view his improvements, some read the words, but said nothing, (not wishing, probably, to show their ignorance)—some said "they were prodigiously fine"—"so novel"—"so appropriate," and to those who did not exactly happen to observe them, he was kind enough to point them out, and to explain the meaning, saying, "Thus is industry rewarded," and that "he was not ashamed of having gained a competency in trade."

However, among the company there happened to be a Charter-house boy, who told the old gentleman there must be some mistake, for they were the last words he should like to have put upon a house of his. This brought about an explanation; and the poor coal dealer was so struck with the malice and ingratitude of his nephew, that he instantly destroyed a codicil to his will, in which he had left him £5000, took to his bed, and died in a fortnight!

## The State Coach.

A rhyming correspondent contributes the following to the *North Otago Times*:—"By God's grace and the people's will," Macanrew has the State-coach still; The wheels well oiled with borrowed grease, She runs as gleg as e'er you please. Mac holds the ribbons in his flipper, Without a break, lock-chain, or slipper; "Progress" and Folly in the lead, They dart down-hill at racing speed. "Twere better be a weary 'ped" Than trust to James's feather-head. The axle-trees will soon be dry, Then "Grease, more grease," will be the cry. And when we come to take the hill, Progress and Folly will stand still; Kick o'er the traces, jump and rear, And all inside the coach will swear. "Was ever such a coachman seen, (Strong expletive) what does he mean?" The coachman then will swear a spell, Saying, "Drive your darned old coach yourself," And leave his box, best gloves, and whip, And give both State and Coach the slip."

Are blacksmiths who make a living by forging, or carpenters who do a little counterfitting, any worse than men who sell iron or steel for a living.

## SELECTED POETRY.

## PERADVENTURE.

I am thinking to-night of the little child  
That lay on my breast three summer days,  
Then swiftly, silently, dropped from sight,  
While my soul cried out in sore amaze.

It is fifteen years ago to-night;  
Somewhere, I know, he has lived them through,  
Perhaps with never a thought or dream  
Of the mother heart he never knew!

Is he yet but a babe? or has he grown  
To be like his brothers, fair and tall,  
With a clear bright eye and a springing step,  
And a voice that rings like a bugle call?

I loved him. The rose in his waxen hand  
Was wet with the dew of my falling tears:  
I have kept the thought of my baby's grave  
Through all the length of these changeable years.

Yet the love I gave him was not like that  
I give to-day to my other boys,  
Who have grown beside me, and turned to me  
In all their griefs and all their joys.

Do you think he knows it? I wonder much  
If the dead are passionless, cold, and dumb:  
If into the calm of the deathless years  
No thrill of a human love may come?

Perhaps sometimes from the upper air  
He has seen me walk with his brothers three;  
Or felt in the tender twilight hour  
The breath of the kisses they gave to me!

Over his birthright, lost so soon,  
Perhaps he has sighed as the swift years flew;  
O child of my heart! you shall find somewhere  
The love that on earth you never knew!

## VARIETIES.

Some descendant of Solomon has wisely remarked that those who go to law for damages are sure to get them.

Anna Dickinson's last lecture is entitled "Things Hoped For." Her American critic explains that she doesn't mean husbands. They are a thing she has long ceased to hope for.

A minister asked a tipsy fellow, leaning up against a fence, where he expected to go when he died. "If I can't get along any better than I do now," he said, "I shan't go anywhere."

An Alabama paper publishes the following notice:—"Married, at Flintstone, by the Rev. Mr Windstone, Mr Nehemiah Sandstone and Miss Wilhelmina Egglestone, both of Limestone."

An Irishman, leaning against a lamp-post as a funeral was going by, was asked who was dead. "I can't exactly say, sir," he replied, "but I presume it's the gentleman in the coffin." The chap who could do all the business he wanted to without advertising has been compelled to advertise at last. The new advertisement is headed "Sheriff's Sale."—*American Paper*.

A countryman, who had never paid more than 20 cents to see an exhibition, went to a New York theatre to see "The Forty Thieves." The ticket-seller charged him 75 cents for a ticket. Passing the pasteboard book, he quietly remarked, "Keep it, mister, I don't want to see the other thirty-nine." And out he marched.

"Madam," said a lodger to his landlady, "I am very sure that pepper is half peas."—"Peas," cried the lady, "peas, indeed! That pepper is some of the very best. You don't know anything about pepper, sir, if you say there's peas in that."—"For all that, madam," said the lodger, "I'm sure that pepper is half peas—p-e-p-e-r—six letters, and three of them p's."

## LIFE'S TROUBLES.

How many sick men wish they were healthy;  
How many beggar men wish they were wealthy;  
How many ugly ones wish they were pretty;  
How many stupid ones wish they were witty;  
How many bachelors wish they were married;  
How many benevolents wish they had tarried;  
Single or double, life's full of trouble;  
Riches are stubble, pleasure's a bubble.

Some queer scenes ensue in Wyoming, where the women vote, serve on juries, &c., like their lords and masters. Recently six married ladies and as many gentlemen were empanelled upon a murder case there, and it became necessary to lock them up all night. Three of the husbands stormed and raved at the judge, and half-a-dozen children made the Court-house ring with their cries; but the Judge was inexorable, and put them under lock and key.

A tall and ugly woman recently tendered to a clerk of the San Francisco Post-office ninety-nine coppers, for which she demanded thirty-three stamps. Being told that she could only legally tender four coppers, she began to pace the corridor in great wrath, calling occasionally at the window until she had made thirty-three separate tenders of the coppers, and had received thirty-three stamps. She may have been tall and ugly, but she was also beautifully sharp.

An old fellow who is noted through the town for his stuttering as well as his shrewdness in making a bargain, stopped at one of the markets this morning and inquired, "How m-m-many t-t-turkeys have you got?" "Eight, sir," replied the huckster. "T-t-tough or t-t-tender?" "Some are tender and some are tough," was the reply. "I keep b-b-boarders," said the new customer; "p-pick out the f-four t-t-toughest t-t-turkeys, if you please." The delighted huckster very willingly complied with the unusual request, and said, in his politest tone, "These are the tough ones, sir." Upon which the old boy coolly put his hand on the remaining four, and exclaimed, "I'll t-t-take t-t-these."—*American Paper*.

SETTLING A DOCTOR'S BILL IN TEXAS.—In Texas, the other day, a doctor rode fifty miles to attend a patient. When he had cured the patient, he presented a bill for 50 dollars, and proceeded to complete his preparations for his back journey, thinking no more about the matter. As he was about to mount, the patient's husband put in an appearance, with his trusty rifle in his hand. "Doctor," said he, "I reckon we'd better settle this here matter now. You wasn't agoin' off without a settlement, was you? I don't want to owe no man nothin'. Here's a ten, which I reckon is about the squar' thing. Now, if you ain't satisfied, jest get your weepion on and come around behind the hill thar, so's the old woman won't be riled up, and we'll settle it. I don't want no man to go 'way from my house dissatisfied, 'specially you, Doc."—*Louisville Journal*.



## Dunedin Advertisements

COLMAN BURKE,

## OTAGO BREWERY.

DEPOT:

PRINCES-STREET SOUTH, DUNEDIN.

BULK AND BOTTLED ALES.

BULK AND BOTTLED STOUT.



## DUNEDIN IRON WORKS.

R. S. SPARROW &amp; CO.,

Engineers, Boilermakers, and Iron-founders.  
Manufacturers of  
Crushing, Pumping, and Winding Machinery  
Tubular, Girder, and Suspension Bridges  
Gold Dredges, on the Pneumatic and other principles  
Iron Fluming; Ripple and Hopper Plates  
Boats and Punks to all sizes  
Steam Engines & Boilers  
Fire-proof Doors and Safes; Turbine and other Water-wheels.

Plans and Specifications prepared.—Estimates given for every description of Ironwork.  
Experienced workmen sent to all parts of the Colony.

Address:—CUMBERLAND-STREET,  
DUNEDIN.

VULCAN FOUNDRY,  
Great King-street, Dunedin.

KINCAID, M'QUEEN AND CO.,

Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Founders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of Castings in Brass and Iron.  
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.  
Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels;  
Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Wind-ing Gear.

Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-iron Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any size of holes); Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.

Flour-mill Machinery.

All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power Machines made and repaired.

Improved Reaping Machines.

K., M'Q. and Co.'s improved Wrought-iron Piping for Fluming and Hydraulic Mining is the best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

Established Twenty Years.

## GEORGE MATTHEWS,

NURSERYMAN,

SEEDSMAN, AND SEED-GROWER,

MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN,

Begg to intimate that he has constantly on hand

Agricultural and Garden Seeds

Fruit, Forest, and Ornamental Trees in season

Garden Tools

Pruning Gloves

Flower Pots, &amp;c. &amp;c.

## CALEDONIAN HOTEL.

JAMES HUTTON,

late of the Australasian, is to be found at home at the Caledonian Hotel, and has much pleasure in informing his up-country friends and the public in general that he has taken the above house. Visitors patronising him will find themselves at home.

First-class board and lodging, 18s per week.

All meals; 1s; beds, 1s. Defy competition.

Wines, Spirits, and Ales of the best brands.

Hot, cold, and plunging baths free.

Good STABLES—Moderate charges.

## BRITISH HOTEL,

corner of  
GEORGE and HANOVER STREETS,  
DUNEDIN.

The Proprietor respectfully calls the attention of residents on the Gold-fields to the excellence of accommodation he is enabled to offer to Country Visitors, Travellers, and Boarders.

The Hotel is commodious, well-furnished, and centrally situated.

ALEXANDER M'GREGOR,  
Proprietor.

WANTED KNOWN.  
PRICES REDUCED.

SINGER'S NEW FAMILY NOISELESS  
LOCK-STITCH  
SEWING MACHINES.

M. A. ALDRICH,  
Agent, Princes-street, Dunedin.

To meet the requirements of customers who find a difficulty in paying the full amount at once, Mrs Aldrich has adopted a method of time-payment to suit them.

WHEELER'S ADVERTISING  
AGENCY.

R. T. WHEELER,

COLLECTOR,

Advertising and General Commission  
Agent,

STAFFORD-STREET, DUNEDIN.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

W. REID, NURSERY  
and SEEDSMAN,

PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN,

has on sale a very large stock of all kinds of  
FRUIT TREES, from one to six years old;  
also, a large variety of Pines and other kinds of  
Forest Trees, Shrubs, Roses, and Flowers; Agri-cultural, Garden, and Flower Seeds.

All orders well packed, free of charge.

## FIRE INSURANCE.

PROMPTITUDE and LIBERALITY in the Settlement of Claims; the LOWEST RATES OF PREMIUM consistent with Safety; UNDOUBTED SECURITY; and LIBERAL REGULATIONS.

MESSRS GILLIES AND STREET,  
Land and Estate Agents, Princes-street,  
Dunedin, having been appointed agents for Otago of the well-known and long-established Office,

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE IN-  
SURANCE SOCIETY,

(Established, 1797; Re-organised, 1821.)

Are now prepared to undertake the  
INSURANCE FROM FIRE

of every description of property, and to GUARANTEE THAT ALL LOSSES WILL BE PROMPTLY AND LIBERALLY SETTLED BY THEMSELVES, thus avoiding the delay, anxiety, and inconvenience occasioned by Agents having to consult Boards of Directors and others at a distance.

Every information as to the Society's Rates and Principles, or as to Special Rates, may be obtained free on application, personally or by letter, to the HEAD OFFICE FOR OTAGO:

MESSRS GILLIES &amp; STREET, Agents.

Or of the district agents, as under:

AGENT FOR CROMWELL,

DUNCAN MACKELLAR.

CLYDE—G. FACHE.

## Dunedin

MILLS, DICK, AND CO.,  
PAPER BAG

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS' STATIONERS,  
STAFFORD ST., DUNEDIN.

Lithographed Show Cards, Bottle Labels,  
208 etc., etc.

THE KOO TI,  
AND OTHER POEMS.

BY ALAN CLYDE,

AN OTAGO SETTLER.

MILLS, DICK, AND CO., PUBLISHERS.

ON SALE BY ALL BOOKSELLERS.

HAWTHORN HILL NURSERY,  
DUNEDIN.

The planting season being close at hand,  
Orders for

FRUIT TREES AND BUSHES

FOREST TREES, HEDGE PLANTS,

should be given without delay, so as to ensure  
early delivery.

## FRUIT TREES AND BUSHES.

The stock on hand comprises

All the best	{ Apple Apricot Cherry Nectarine Peach Pear Plum }	1, 2, 3, and 4 years old.
--------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------

Raspberry, red and yellow

Gooseberry, white, green, and red

Currant, black, white, and red

Almond; Black Bramble

Spanish Chestnut; Elder

Eugenia Ugni; Fig

Filberts and Nuts

Mulberry; Olive

Pomegranate; Quince; Walnut.

## FOREST TREES.

Ash, Birch, Blue and Red Gum, Stringy

Bark, Elm, Oak, Limetree, Poplar, Hazel,

Sycamore, Laburnum, Horse Chestnut,

Pines, &amp;c. &amp;c.

## GEORGE MATTHEWS,

NURSERYMAN,

Moray Place, Dunedin.

Agent at Cromwell:

J. A. MATTHEWS.

ARGUS Office.

## Patent Medicine

NERVOUSNESS—DEBILITY—LOSS OF POWER—  
SPERMATORRHOEA—THE INDISCRETIONS OF  
EARLY YOUTH—SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to at once arrest the progress of disease.

DR L. L. SMITH  
has devoted himself for twenty years in the colony to the practice of this branch of his profession, while previously in England he was the pupil of, and practised with, the celebrated Dr R. T. Culverwell, the only medical practitioner who ever exclusively adopted this as the sole branch of his profession.

Dr L. L. Smith hereby informs the public that he is the only legally-qualified medical man in this speciality of his profession; that others advertising are unqualified, and that, therefore, in pretending to be qualified, they are obtaining money under false pretences.

Dr L. L. Smith also warns the public against the quackeries advertised. If the taker of any of these advertised nostrums escape with his life, or his system be not thoroughly and irreparably undermined by them, he may look upon himself as the most fortunate mortal.

Dr L. L. Smith has been applied to by so many unfortunate broken-down young-old-men, utterly crushed in spirit, ruined in body, and fished in pocket, that he deems it a duty to publish this to the world.

Those men and women who have been the victims of unprincipled charlatans frequently seek that recovery which is often beyond Dr Smith's control. When will the public understand that it is to their interest to consult a duly qualified medical man, who has made this his sole study, rather than apply to a number of ignorant impostors, who merely harp and prey upon their pockets and health?

Dr L. Smith has always stated that to warn the public of these quacks is his chief reason for advertising.

In all cases of nervous debility, lowness of spirits, loss of power, pimples on the forehead, lassitude, inaptitude for business, impotency, drainage from the system, and the various effects of errors of youth, and bloodpoisoning from diseases previously contracted, Dr L. L. Smith invites sufferers to consult him, as he has no hesitation in stating that no medical man, either here or in England, has had the opportunities of practice and extraordinary experience which he has

## Patent Medicines

had. Therefore, those who really desire to be treated by one who is at the head of his profession in this branch of medical practice should lose no time in seeking his advice. Nor should anyone marry without first consulting him.

Private Entrance is in Stephen-street South.

CONSULTATION FEE (by letter) ... L.1.

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so packed as to avoid observation.

Books published by the Doctor can be had on application to him.

The new Consulting Rooms are at  
182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE,  
Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence of the Governor.)

ALL CURES MADE EASY!

## HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers, Sores, Bad Breasts, and  
Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other  
Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps,  
and all other Derangements of the  
Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the  
Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both Ointment and Pills should be used in the  
following Disorders:

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes	Scurvy
and Sandflies	Sore Heads
Coco-bay	Tumours
Chicago-foot	Ulcers
Chilblains	Wounds and Yaws
Fistulas	Cancers
Gout	Contracted and Stiff
Glandular Swellings	Joints
Lumbago	Elephantiasis
Piles	Chapped Hands
Rheumatism	Corns (soft)

There is a considerable saving by taking the  
larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

Cromwell (Otago, New Zealand):

Printed and published every Tuesday afternoon  
by the Proprietors, MATTHEWS & FENWICK,  
at their Printing Office, Melmore Terrace.

TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1873.